BY BROOKS

s.B. 813

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists; providing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS"

SECTION 1. PURPOSE. It is the policy of this state that in order to safeguard the public health, safety, and welfare and to protect the public from unprofessional conduct by speech-language pathologists and audiologists, it is necessary to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speech-language pathology and audiology services to the public.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:

- (1) "Committee" means the State Committee of Examiners for Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology.
- (2) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity.
 - (3) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who practices speech-language pathology, who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of having speech, voice, or language disorders, and who meets the qualifications set forth in this Act.
 - (4) "The practice of speech-language pathology" means the application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, testing, evaluation, prediction, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to the development and disorders of speech, voice, or language for the purpose of rendering or offering to render an evaluation, prevention, or modification of these disorders and conditions in individuals or groups of individuals. Speech-language pathologists may perform the basic audiometric screening tests and hearing therapy procedures consistent with their training.

1 (5) "Audiologist" means a person who practices audiology, who
2 makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides
3 habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or
4 are suspected of having a hearing disorder, and who meets the
5 qualifications set forth in this Act.

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- "The practice of audiology" means the application of nonmedical principles, metholds, and procedures for the measurement, testing, appraisal, prediction, consultation, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to hearing and disorders of hearing and for the purpose of rendering or offering to render services modifying communicative disorders involving speech, language, auditory function, or other aberrant behavior relating to hearing loss. audiologist may engage in any tasks, procedures, acts, or practices that are necessary (A) for the evaluation of hearing; (B) for training in the use of amplification including hearing aids; or (C) for the making of earmolds for hearing aids. An audiologist may participate in consultation regarding noise control and hearing conservation, may provide evaluations of environment or equipment including calibration of equipment used in testing auditory functioning and hearing conservation, and may perform the basic speech and language screening tests and procedures consistent with his or her training.
- (7) "Speech-language pathology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for speech-language pathology aides, and who works under the direction of a licensed speech-language pathologist. The qualifications for licensure as a speech-language pathology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as a speech-language pathologist.
- (8) "Audiology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for audiology aides, and who works under the direction of a licensed audiologist. The qualifications for licensure as an audiology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as an audiologist.

SECTION 3. ADMINISTRATION. (a) The State Committee of

Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology is created within the 1 Texas Department of Health. The committee consists of nine members 2 appointed by the governor to take office on the effective date of 3 this Act. Members of the committee shall have been residents of 4 the State of Texas for two years immediately preceding appointment 5 and shall be representative of varying geographic regions of the 6 state and from varying employment settings. Seven members shall 7 have been egaged in rendering services, teaching, or research in 8 9 speech-language pathology or audiology for at least five years and shall meet the qualifications for licensure under this Act. Of 10 these seven members, three members shall be audiologist, three members 11 shall be speech-language pathologists, and one member shall be either 12 a speech-language pathologist or audiologist. Except for the initial 13 appointees, all seven shall hold valid licences under this Act. Two 14 shall be public members, one of whom is a licensed physician board-15 certified in otolaryngology or pediatrics; the remaining public 16 member, an interested citizen may not be a licensee of the committee 17 or of any board under this division. The members of the committee 18 shall serve until the expiration of the term to which they have 19 been appointed or until their successors have qualified. 20 (b) The initial appointments shall be determined by lot as 21 follows: three members are appointed for terms which expire January 22 31, 1989, and three members are appointed for terms which expire 23 January 31, 1991. After the initial appointments, members are 24 appointed for terms of six years expiring on January 31 of odd-25 26 numbered years. The committee shall orgainize annually and select a chair-27 (c) person who, except for the initial chairperson, shall hold a valid 28 license under this Act, a vice-chairperson, and a secretary-treasurer. 29 The initial chairperson shall be one who meets the qualifications for 30

32 (d) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum to do business.

licensing under this Act.

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- 34 (e) No person may be appointed to serve more than two consecutive 35 terms.
- 36 (f) The committee shall hold at least one regular meeting each

year at which time an examination as defined in Section 12 of this 1 2 Act, shall be offered. Additional meetings may be held on the call 3 of the chairperson or at the written request of any three members of 4 the committee. At least 14 days advance notice of committee meetings 5 is required. SECTION 4. DUTIES AND POWERS. (a) The committee shall administer, 7 coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this Act, evaluate the Я qualifications of applicants, and provide for the examination of 9 The committee may issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and 10 administer oaths under the state laws of Texas, and it shall investigate 11 persons engaging in practices that violate the provisions of this 12 Act, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Health. 13 (b) The committee shall conduct hearings and keep records and 14 minutes necessary to an orderly dispatch of the administration of 15 this Act, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Health. 16 The committee shall adopt reasonable rules commensurate 17 with the provisions of this Act, including rules that establish 18 ethical standards of practice, and the committee may amend or repeal 19 the rules adopted by it, all subject to the approval of the Commissioner 20 of Health. 21 (d) A person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state is governed and controlled by 22 23 the rules adopted by the committee and approved by the Commissioner 24 of Health. 2.5 The conferral or enumeration of specific powers elsewhere 26 in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the general 27 powers conferred by this section. 28 The committee shall be represented by the attorney general 29 and the district and county attorneys of this state. 30 (g) Officers and employees directly responsible for handling 31 money paid to the committee shall execute a performance bond as required by the committee. The premium for the bond shall be paid 32 33 from committee funds. The committee may appoint subcommittees to work under its 34 jurisdiction, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Health. 35 -4-

1 SECTION 5. COMPENSATION AND PAYMENT OF EXPENSES OF COMMITTEE. 2 The committee members receive no compensation for their services, 3 but they may receive reimbursement for actual expenses incurred in the administration of theis Act. (b) All expenses incurred by the committee in the administration of the provisions of this Act shall be paid by warrants drawn on the 7 State Treasury by the comptroller when vouchers for expenses approved 8 by the committee are submitted to the comptroller. SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. The Texas Department 9 of Health shall provide such administrative and clerical employees 10 as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, with such 11 12 employees being under the supervision and control of the committee. SECTION 7. SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF RECORDS. The committee 13 14 shall adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate it proceedings. 15 Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of the committee and certificates purporting to relate the facts concerning the proceedings, 16 17 records, and acts, signed by the secretary-treasurer and authenticated 18 by the seal, are prima facie evidence in all courts of this state. 19 SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS 20 AND AUDIOLOGISTS. (a) Licenses shall be granted either in speech-21 language pathology or audiology independently. Persons may be licensed 22 in both areas if they meet the qualifications. 23 (b) No persons may practice or represent themselves as speech-24 language pathologists or audiologists in this state after December 31, 25 1983, unless they are licensed in accordance with the provisions of 26 this Act. 27 (c) Any violation of this subsection shall constitute a deceptive 28 trade practice. 29 SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT AFFECTED. (a) This Act 30 does not prevent qualified persons licensed in this state under 31 another law from engaging in the profession for which they are licensed. 32 (b) This Act does not prevent or restrict the activities and 33 services and the use of an official title by persons holding a valid 34 and current certification in speech and hearing therapy from the

Texas Education Agency if those persons perform speech-language

pathology or audiology services solely as a part of their duties

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within an agency, institution, or organization under the jurisdiction
of the Texas Education Agency. If persons affected by this subsection
perform work as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist apart
from their positions within an agency, institution, or organization
of the Texas Education Agency, they must have a license issued by the
committee, except that a person affected by this subsection may perform
speech and hearing screening procedures without compensation without
having a license issued by the committee.

- of students or interns pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in speech-language pathology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year, that they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act, and that they are designated by a title such as "Speech-Language Pathology Intern" or "Speech-Language Pathology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
- (d) This Act does not restrict activities and services of students or interns in audiology pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in audiology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year, that they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act, and that they are designated by a title such as "Audiology Intern" or "Audiology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to his level of training.
- (e) This Act does not restrict the performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this Act, if the services are performed for no more than five days in a calendar year and if the person meets the qualifications and requirements for application for licensure under this Act.

1 This Act does not restrict the use of an official title by an individual teaching in a university or college training program, 2 provided that the person is not engaged in the practice of speech-3 4 language pathology or audiology and does not supervise persons engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology. 5 This Act does not permit a person to perform an act that 6 7 would be in violation of Article 4510, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended. This Act does not permit a person to 8 provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal or 9 10 ear disorders. (h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or 11 preventing a physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice 12 of medicine in this state. This Act does not restrict speech or 13 hearing testing or evaluation conducted by a licensed physician and 14 15 surgeon. This Act does not apply to persons employed by the Texas 16 17 Department of Health in its programs concerned with hearing or speech services as long as they are performing duties under the 18 19 jurisdiction of the Texas Department of Health. (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence of 20 having received training by the Texas Department of Health in one 21 of the hearing screening training programs approved by that agency, 22 provided that all activities performed under this exception shall 23 be limited to screening of hearing sensitivity. 24 (k) This Act does not license a person to sell hearing aids 25 as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular 26 Session, 1969 (Article 4566-1.01, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), 27 unless the person has been issued a license to engage in the selling 28 of hearing aids by the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and 29 Dispensing of Hearing Aids. 30 This Act does not prevent or restrict a person licensed by 31 32 the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and Dispensing of Hearing Aids from engaging in the practice of fitting and dispensing hearing 33 34 aids as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular 35 Session, 1969 (Article 4566-1.01, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). -71 This Act does not prevent persons in an industrial setting 2 from engaging in hearing testing as a part of a hearing conservation 3 program in compliance with regulations of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, provided that such persons are certified by an agency acceptable to the Occupational Safety and Health Admini-5 stration. 6 (n) This Act does not prevent or restrict speech or hearing 8 sensitivity screening evaluations conducted by registered nurses 9 licensed by the laws of this state and practicing in accordance with the standards of professional conduct and eithics promulgated by 10 11 the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners. 12 SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. To be 13 eligible for licensing as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, 14 an applicant must: 15 (1) Possess at least a master's degree with a major in speech-16 language pathology or audiology from an accredited or approved college 17 or university; 18 submit transcripts from one or more colleges or universities 19

- showing successful completion of coursework, in amounts set by the Board, in the following areas:
- 21 information about normal development and use of speech, 22 language and hearing,

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- information about evaluation, habilitation, and rehabilitation 23 24 of speech, language and hearing disorders,
 - (c) information pertaining to related fields that augment the work of clinical practitioners of speech-language pathology and audiology,
 - (3) have successfully completed at least 30 semester hours in courses that are acceptable toward a graduate degree by the college or university in which they are taken, at least 21 of which are within the professional area for which the license is requested and at least 6 of which are in audiology for the applicant for a speechlanguage pathology license or in speech-language pathology for the applicant for a license in audiology,
 - have completed a minimum of 300 clock hours of supervised clinical experience with individuals who present a variety of

of communication disorders, and this experience must have been 1 obtained within his or her training institution or in one of its 2 cooperating programs and under the supervision of a person holding a valid license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology; (5) have obtained the equivalent of nine months of full-time supervised professional experience in which bona fide clinical work 6 7 has been accomplished in the major professional area for which the license is being sought, under the supervision of a qualified person 8 9 acceptable to the Board and must have begun after completion of the 10 academic and clinical experience required by this section. SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Each person desiring a 11 12 license under this Act shall make application to the committee on a form and in the manner the committee prescribes. The application 13 14 shall be accompanied by the application fee which may not be refunded by the committee. 15 16 SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant shall be examined 17 by the committee and shall pay to the committee, at least 30 days prior to the date of examination, an examination fee prescribed by 18 19 the committee which is not refunded. The examination shall be given 20 at least twice each year at a time and place established by and under the supervision of the committee. 21 22 (b) The committee may examine by written or oral examination 23 or by both. The committee shall maintain a record of all examination 24 scores for at least two years after the date of examination. (c) Standards for acceptable performance shall be determined 25 by the committee. 26 The committee may examine in whatever theoretical or applied 27 fields of speech-language pathology or audiology it deems appropriate. 28 29 It may examine the candidates with regard to their professional skills 30 and their judgment in the utilization of speech-language pathology

take the examination until that person has presented evidence to

or audiology techniques or methods.

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(e) Persons who fail the examination may be examined at a

subsequent time if they pay another application and examination fee.

No applicant who has taken and failed to pass two examinations may

the committee of additional study in the area for which licensure 1 is sought. (f) The committee may waive the examination for applicants who: present proof of current licensure in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United States 5 which maintains professional standards considered by the committee to 6 be equivalent to those set forth in this Act; or 7 hold the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American 8 9 Speech-Language Hearing Association in the area for which a license 10 is being sought. 11 SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a) 12 committee, on request, must waive educational, professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure in speech-language pathology 13 for applicants who hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree, are fully 14 15 certified by the Texas Education Agency in speech and hearing therapy or in the judgment of the committee have met equivalent requirements, 16 and within two years prior to the effective date of this Act were 17 engaged in the practice of speech pathology on proof of bona fide 18 19 practice of speech pathology, presented to the committee in the 20 manner prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an 21 application for licensure with the committee or the Commissioner of Health within 90 days from the effective date of this Act. 22 23 licenses shall be issued without delay and shall be renewed in the same manner as licenses granted under other provisions of this Act. 24 25 The committee, on request, shall waive educational, professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure 26 27 in audiology for applicants who, on the effective date of this Act, hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree and have successfully 28 completed 21 semester hours of course work in audiology, and are 29 30 engaged in the practice of audiology on proof of bona fide practice of audiology presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by 31 the committee's rules, provided they file an application for licensure 32 with the committee or the Commissioner of Health within 90 days from 33 34 the effective date of this Act. 35 The committee may waive the examination and grant licensure

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to an applicant who presents proof of current licensure in another 1 state, including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United States which maintains professional standards considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act. The committee may waive the examination and grant licensure to an applicant who holds the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association or has met equivalent 3 requirements in the area for which a license is sought. SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. (a) The committee shall issue 10 a license to an applicant who meets the requirements of this Act and 11 who pays to the committee the initial license fee. 12 (b) A temporary certificate of registration may be applied for 13 by a person who fulfills the requirements of Section 10 of this Act and who has not previously applied to take the examination provided L 4 15 under Section 12 of this Act. (c) On receiving an application provided for under Subsection (b) 16 of this section accompanied by the application fee, the committee shall 17 18 issue a temporary certificate of registration which entitles the applicant to practice audiology or speech-language pathology for 19 20 a period ending eight weeks after the conclusion of the next 21 examination given after the date of issue. 22 SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. (a) Each licensed speech-23 language pathologist or audiologist shall annually on or before 24 January 30 pay to the committee a fee for a renewal of his license. 25 a 30-day grace period shall be allowed after January 30. After 26 expiration of the grace period, the committee may renew each license 27 after payment of a penalty set by the committee. No person who 28 applies for renewal within two years after the date of expiration of the license may be required to submit to an examination as a condition 29 30 to renewal. (b) Persons who fail to renew their license within two years 31 32 after the date of its expiration may not renew it, and it may not 33 be restored, reissued, or reinstated thereafter, but those persons 34 may apply for and obtain a new license if they meet the requirements 35 of this Act. -11-

1 (c) Within three years of the effective date of this Act, renewal of a license is contingent on the applicant's meeting 2 uniform continuing education requirements established by the 3 4 committee. These continuing education requirements must be of such a nature that they can be met without necessitating an 5 extended absence from the licensee's county of residence. Notice 6 7 of continuing education requirements shall be sent to all persons licensed under this Act at least 12 months prior to the time that 8 9 the person's license renewal is dependent on completion of the 10 requirements. Continuing education requirements shall be sent to 11 new applicants with the forms on which they are to apply for 12 licensure. Notification of changes in continuing education requirements shall be sent to persons licensed under this Act at least 13 one year prior to the date on which the new requirements become 14 effective. 15 (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and may be 16 17 renewed as provided in this Act, but the renewal does not entitle 18 the licensee, while the license remains suspended and until it is reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity or in any other 19 20 activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which 21 the license was suspended. A license revoked on disciplinary 22 grounds is subject to expiration as provided in this Act, but it may not be renewed. If it is reinstated after its expiration, the 23 licensee, as a condition of reinstatement shall pay a reinstatement 24 25 fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the last preceding regular renewal date before the date on which it is 26 reinstated, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time 27 of the license revocation. 28 29 (e) All licenses expire and become invalid one year from the 30 date of issuance if not renewed. SECTION 16. FEES. The amount of fees initially prescribed in 31 32 connection with a license as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall not exceed the following: 33

Application fee:

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35 (2) Examination fee: \$25

\$50

1 (3) Initial license fee: \$50 2 (4)License renewal fee: \$50 3 (5) Delinquency fee: \$25 4 (6) Temporary license fee: 5 (7) Duplicate license fee: \$10 6 The committee shall adjust the amount of the fees so that the total 7 fees collected shall be sufficient to meet the expenses of adminis-8 tering this Act and so that unnecessary surpluses in the fund 9. provided for in Section 20 of this Act are avoided. 10 SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. (a) The 11 committee may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may 12 suspend or revoke the license of any licesee for any of the following 13 causes: 14 (1) obtaining a license by means of fraud, misrepresentation, 15 or concealment of material facts; 16 selling, bartering, or offering to sell or barter a license 17 or certificate of registration; 18 unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely 19 to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public as defined 20 by the rules established by the committee, or violation of the code of ethics adopted and published by the committee; 21 22 violating any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted by 23 the committee; or 24 (5) violating any provisions of this Act. 25 The committee shall deny an application for, or suspend 26 or revoke, or impose probationary conditions on, a license as 27 ordered by the committee in any decision made after hearing as 28 provided in this Act. One year from the date of revocation of a 29 license under this Act, application may be made to the committee for 30 reinstatement. The committee shall have discretion to accept or 31 reject an application for reinstatement and may require an examination 32 for the reinstatement. 33 A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a 34 plea of nolo contendere made to a charge of a felony or of an 35 offense involving moral turpitude is deemed to be a conviction 36 within the meaning of this Act. At the direction of the committee

1 the license may be suspended or revoked, or the committee may 2 decline to issue a license when the time for appeal of the 3 conviction has elapsed or the judgment or conviction has been 4 affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made 5 suspending the imposition of sentence irrespective of a subsequent 6 order allowing a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty, or 7 setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the information 8 or indictment. SECTION 18. PENALTIES. (a) A person who violates any of the 9 10 provisions of this Act is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction 11 may be punished by confinement in the county jail not exceeding six 12 months, or by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both. 13 (b), If a person other than a licensed speech-language pathologist 14 or audiologist has engaged in any act or practice which constitutes 15 an offense under this Act, a district court of any county, on 16 application of the committee, may issue an injunction or other 17 appropriate order restraining such conduct. SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION OF 18 A LICENSE. (a) A person whose application for a license is denied 19 is entitled to a hearing before the committee if such person submits 20 21 a written request to the committee. (b) Proceedings for revocation or suspension of a license shall 22 be commenced by filing charges with the committee in writing and 23 under oath. The charges may be made by any person or persons. 24 The chairperson of the committee shall fix a time and place 25 for a hearing and shall cause a written copy of the charges or 26 27 reason for denial of a license, together with a notice of the time 28 and place fixed for the hearing, to be served on the applicant 29 requesting the hearing or the licensee against whom the charges 30 have been filed at least 20 days prior to the date set for the 31 hearing. Service of charges and notice of hearing may be given by 32 certified mail to the last known address of the licensee or applicant. 33 (d) At the hearing the applicant or licensee has the right to 34 appear either personally or by counsel, or both, to produce witnesses, 35 to have subpoenas issued by the committee, and to cross-examine -14-

opposing or adverse witnesses. 1 2 The committee shall determine the charges on their merits 3 and enter an order in a permanent record setting forth the findings of fact and law and the action taken. A copy of the order of the committee shall be mailed to the applicant or licensee at his or 6 her last known address by certified mail. An individual whose application for a license has been 8 refused or whose license has been cancelled, revoked, or suspended 9 by the committee may take an appeal, within 20 days after the order is entered, to any district court of Travis County or to any 10 district court of the county of his or her residence. 11 (g) A case reviewed under the provisions of this section proceeds 12 13 in the district court by trial de novo in the same manner as an appeal to the county court from the justice of the peace court. 14 15 In all appeals prosecuted in any of the courts of this state 16 pursuant to the provisions of this Act, such trials shall be de novo 17 as that term is used and understood in appeals from justice of the 18 peace courts to county courts. Under no circumstances shall the 19 substantial evidence rule as interpreted and applied by the courts in Texas in other case ever be used or applied to appeals prosecuted 20 21 under the provisions of this Act. SECTION 20. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS RECEIVED. 22 (a) All funds received by the committee under this Act shall be paid to the 23 secretary-treasurer of the committee. All money shall be deposited 24 in the State Treasury in a separate fund to be known as the speech-25 language pathology and audiology fund. 26 (b) All expenses for the administration of the Act shall be paid 27 from fees collected by the committee under this Act, and fees paid 28 to the speech-language pathology and audiology fund are allocated 29 to the committee for that purpose. 30 Funds shall be appropriated to the committee for the 31 implementation of this Act, said funds coming from the General 32 Revenue Fund for the first year. 33 SECTION 21. REVENUE. The committee shall report to the state 34 -15-

comptroller at the beginning of each month the amount and source of 1 all revenue received by it during the preceding month, and at that 2 3 time shall pay the entire amount thereof into the speech-language pathology and audiology fund. SECTION 22. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. The provisions of Chapter 95. Acts of the 51st Legislature, Regular Session, 1949,

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as amended (Article 4590c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), do not apply to audiologists or speech-language pathologists duly qualified and licensed under this Act who confine their activity to the areas specified in this Act. 10

SECTION 23. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the provisions 11 of this Act shall be without effect after August 31, 1993. 12

SECTION 24. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective September 1, 13 1983. 14

SECTION 25. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house is suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

Brooks By: S.B. No. 813

(In the Senate - Filed March 8, 1983; March 9, 1983, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Human Resources; April 21, 1983, reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; April 21, 1983, sent to printer.)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR S.B. No. 813

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SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:

(1) "Board" means the Texas Board of Health.

(2) "Committee" means the State Committee of Examiners for

- Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology.
 - "Department" means the Texas Department of Health. (3)
- "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, (4)or other legal entity.
- (5) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual speech-language pathology, who makes a nonmedical practices evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of having speech, voice, or language disorders, and who meets the qualifications set forth in this Act.
- "The practice of speech-language pathology" means the (6) application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for measurement, testing, evaluation, prediction, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to the development and disorders of speech, voice, or language for the purpose of rendering or offering to render an evaluation, prevention, or modification of these disorders and conditions in individuals or groups of individuals. Speech-language pathologists may perform the basic audiometric screening tests and hearing therapy procedures consistent with their training.
- (7) "Audiologist" means a person who practices audiology, who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of having a hearing disorder, and who meets
- the qualifications set forth in this Act.

 (8) "The practice of audiology" means the application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, means the application of prediction, testing, appraisal, consultation, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to hearing and disorders of hearing and for the purpose of rendering or offering to render services modifying communicative disorders involving speech, language, auditory function, or other aberrant behavior relating to hearing loss. An audiologist may engage in any tasks, procedures, acts, or practices that are necessary (A) for the evaluation of hearing; (B) for training in the use of amplification including hearing aids; or (C) for the making of earmolds for hearing aids. An audiologist may participate in consultation regarding noise control and hearing conservation, may provide evaluations of environment or equipment including calibration of equipment used in testing auditory functioning and hearing conservation, and may perform the basic speech and language screening tests and procedures consistent with his or her training.
 (9) "Speech-language pathology aide" means a person who
 - meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for speech-language pathology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed speech-language pathologist. The qualifications for licensure as a speech-language pathology aide shall be uniform and

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shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as a speech-language pathologist.

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(10) "Audiology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for audiology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed audiologist. The qualifications for licensure as an audiology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as an audiologist.

necessary for licensure as an audiologist. SECTION 3. COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP. SECTION 3. COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP. (a) The State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology is created within the Texas Department of Health. The committee consists of nine members appointed by the governor to take office on the effective date of this Act. Members of the committee must have been residents of the State of Texas for two years immediately preceding appointment and must be representative of varying geographic regions of the state and from varying employment settings. members must have been engaged in rendering services, teaching, or research in speech-language pathology or audiology for at least five years and must meet the qualifications for licensure under this Act. Of these six members, three members shall be audiologists, three members shall be speech-language pathologists. Except for the initial appointees, all six shall hold valid licenses under this Act. Three members shall be selected from the general public. One of the three public members of the committee must be a physician licensed to practice in the State of Texas and board certified in otolaryngology or pediatrics. The two remaining public members may not:

- (1) be licensed by an occupational regulatory agency in the field of health care;
- (2) be employed by and participating in the management of an agency or business entity that provides health-care services or that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care supplies or equipment;
- (3) own, control, or have a direct or indirect interest in more than 10 percent of a business entity that provides health-care services or that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care supplies or equipment; or
- (4) be an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade association in the field of health care. A member of the committee may not be related within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity to a person who is an officer, employee, or a paid consultant of a trade association in the health-care field.
- (b) An appointment to the committee shall be made without regard to the race, creed, sex, religion, or national origin of the appointee.
- (c) A person who is required to register as a lobbyist under Chapter 422, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, as amended (Article 6252-9c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), in a health-related area may not serve as a member of the board or act as the general counsel to the board.

SECTION 4. TERMS; OFFICERS; QUORUM; EXPENSES. (a) The term of initial appointees to the board shall be determined by lot as follows: three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1985; three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1987; and three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1989. After the initial appointments, members are appointed for staggered terms of six years, with three terms beginning September 1 of each odd-numbered year. Members of the committee shall serve until the expiration of the term to which they have been appointed or until their successors have qualified. person may not be appointed to serve more than two consecutive terms.

- (b) The committee shall be organized annually and select a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and a secretary-treasurer. The initial chairperson shall be a person who meets the qualifications for licensing under this Act. After September 1, 1984, the chairperson shall hold a valid license under this Act.
- (c) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum to do business.
- (d) The committee shall hold at least two regular meetings each year at which time an examination as defined in Section 12 of

this Act shall be offered. Additional meetings may be held on the call of the chairperson or at the written request of any three members of the committee. At least 14 days advance notice of the committee meeting is required.

 (e) Committee members receive no compensation for their services; however, each member of the committee is entitled to a per diem and travel allowance at the rate set by the legislature for state employees in the General Appropriations Act for each day that the member engages in the business of the committee.

SECTION 5. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE. (a) Subject to the approval of the board, the committee shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act, including rules that establish standards of ethical practice.

(b) With the assistance of the department, the committee

- (b) With the assistance of the department, the committee shall administer, coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this Act; evaluate the qualifications of applicants; provide for the examination of applicants; and issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and administer oaths under the laws of the State of Texas.
- (c) With the assistance of the department and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), the committee shall conduct hearings and keep records and minutes necessary to the orderly administration of this Act.

 (d) The committee with the aid of the department shall
- (d) The committee with the aid of the department shall investigate persons engaging in practices that violate the provisions of this Act.
- (e) A person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state is governed and controlled by the rules adopted by the committee and approved by the board of health.
- (f) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers elsewhere in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the general powers conferred by this section.
- (g) The committee shall be represented by the attorney general and the district and county attorneys of this state.
- (h) The committee may appoint subcommittees to work under its jurisdiction, subject to the approval of the board.

SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. The Texas Department of Health shall provide such administrative and clerical employees as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SECTION 7. SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF RECORDS. The committee shall adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate its proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of the committee and certificates purporting to relate the facts concerning the proceedings, records, and acts, signed by the secretary-treasurer and authenticated by the seal, are prima facie evidence in all courts of this state.

SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDIOLOGISTS. (a) Licenses shall be granted either in speech-language pathology or audiology independently. Persons may be licensed in both areas if they meet the qualifications.

- (b) A person may not practice or represent himself or herself as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in this state after August 31, 1984, unless he or she is licensed in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (c) Any violation of this subsection shall constitute a deceptive trade practice.

SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT AFFECTED. (a) This Act does not prevent qualified persons licensed in this state under another law from engaging in the profession for which they are licensed.

(b) This Act does not prevent or restrict the activities and services and the use of an official title by persons holding a valid and current certification in speech and hearing therapy from the Central Education Agency if those persons perform speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of their duties within an agency, institution, or organization under the jurisdiction of the Central Education Agency. If persons affected by this subsection perform work as a speech-language

pathologist or audiologist apart from their positions within an agency, institution, or organization of the Central Education Agency, they must have a license issued by the committee, except that a person affected by this subsection may perform speech and hearing screening procedures without compensation without having a license issued by the committee.

- (c) This Act does not restrict the activities and services of students or interns pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in speech-language pathology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Speech-Language Pathology Intern" or "Speech-Language Pathology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
- (d) This Act does not restrict activities and services of students or interns in audiology pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in audiology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Audiology Intern" or "Audiology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
- (e) This Act does not restrict the performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this Act, if the services are performed for no more than five days in a calendar year and if the person meets the qualifications and requirements for application for licensure under this Act.
- (f) This Act does not restrict the use of an official title by an individual teaching in a university or college training program, provided that the person is not engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology and does not supervise persons engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology.
- (g) This Act does not permit a person to perform an act that would be in violation of the Medical Practice Act (Article 4495b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). This Act does not permit a person to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal or ear disorders.
- (h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or preventing a physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice of medicine in this state. This Act does not restrict speech or hearing testing or evaluation conducted by a licensed physician or surgeon.
- (i) This Act does not apply to persons employed by the Texas Department of Health in its programs concerned with hearing or speech services as long as they are performing duties under the jurisdiction of the Texas Department of Health.

 (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence
- (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence of having received training by the Texas Department of Health in one of the hearing screening training programs approved by that agency, provided that all activities performed under this exception shall be limited to screening of hearing sensitivity.
- (k) This Act does not license a person to sell hearing aids as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular Session, 1969 (Article 4566-1.01 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
- (1) This Act does not prevent or restrict a person licensed by the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and Dispensing of Hearing Aids from engaging in the practice of fitting and dispensing hearing aids.
- (m) This Act does not prevent persons in an industrial setting from engaging in hearing testing as a part of a hearing conservation program in compliance with regulations of the

Occupational Safety and Health Administration, provided that such persons are certified by an agency acceptable to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

- (n) This Act does not prevent or restrict speech or hearing sensitivity screening evaluations conducted by registered nurses licensed by the laws of this state and practicing in accordance with the standards of professional conduct and ethics promulgated by the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners.
- by the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners.

 (o) This Act does not prevent the use of the title "Certified Hearing Aid Audiologist" by a person so certified by the National Hearing Aid Association if the person is a licensed hearing aid dispenser and uses the title solely in connection with fitting and dispensing hearing aids and does not represent himself to be a licensed audiologist under this Act.
- (p) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or preventing a licensed psychologist from engaging in the practice of psychology within the scope of the activities permitted under that license.

SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. To be eligible for licensing as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, an applicant must:

- (1) possess at least a master's degree with a major in speech-language pathology or audiology from an accredited or approved college or university;
- (2) submit transcripts from one or more colleges or universities showing successful completion of course work in amounts set by the committee with the approval of the board in the following areas:
- (A) information about normal development and use of speech, language, and hearing;
- (B) information about evaluation, habilitation, and rehabilitation of speech, language, and hearing disorders; and
- (C) information pertaining to related fields that augment the work of clinical practitioners of speech-language pathology and audiology;
- (3) have successfully completed at least 30 semester hours in courses that are acceptable toward a graduate degree by the college or university in which they are taken, at least 21 of which are within the professional area for which the license is requested and at least six of which are in audiology for the applicant for a speech-language pathology license or in speech-language pathology for the applicant for a license in audiology;
- (4) have completed a minimum of 300 clock hours of supervised clinical experience with individuals who present a variety of communication disorders, and this experience must have been obtained within his or her training institution or in one of its cooperating programs and under the supervision of a person holding a valid license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology, provided during the first year of this Act, the supervision may be under a person who would have met the qualifications for a license under this Act; and
- (5) have obtained the equivalent of nine months of full-time supervised professional experience in which bona fide clinical work has been accomplished in the major professional area for which the license is being sought, under the supervision of a qualified person acceptable to the committee pursuant to guidelines approved by the board which experience must have begun after completion of the academic and clinical experience required by this section.

SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Each person desiring a license under this Act shall make application to the committee on a form and in the manner the committee prescribes. The application shall be accompanied by the application fee which may not be refunded by the committee.

SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant shall be examined by the committee and shall pay to the committee, at least 30 days prior to the date of examination, a nonrefundable examination fee prescribed by the committee. The examination shall be given at least twice each year at a time and place established by and under the supervision of the committee.

(b) The committee may examine by written or oral examination

· or by both. The committee shall maintain a record of all examination scores for at least two years after the date of examination.

- (c) Standards for acceptable performance shall be determined by the committee.
- (d) The committee may examine in whatever theoretical or applied fields of speech-language pathology or audiology it deems appropriate. It may examine the candidates with regard to their professional skills and their judgment in the utilization of speech-language pathology or audiology techniques or methods.
- (e) Persons who fail the examination may be examined at a subsequent time if they pay another nonrefundable examination fee. No applicant who has taken and failed to pass two examinations may take the examination until the person has submitted a new application together with a nonrefundable application fee and presented evidence to the committee of additional study in the area for which licensure is sought.
- (f) The committee may waive the examination for applicants who:
- (1) present proof of current licensure in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United States which maintains professional standards considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act; or
- (2) hold the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association in the area for which a license is being sought.

SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a) The committee on request must waive educational, professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure in speech-language pathology for applicants who hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree, are fully certified by the Central Education Agency in speech and hearing therapy or in the judgment of the committee have met equivalent requirements, and within two years prior to the effective date of this Act were engaged in the practice of speech pathology on proof of bona fide practice of speech pathology, presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an application for licensure with the committee or the board of health before August 31, 1984. Such licenses shall be issued without delay and shall be renewed in the same manner as licenses granted under other provisions of this Act.

- (b) The committee on request shall waive educational, professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure in audiology for applicants who on the effective date of this Act hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree and have successfully completed 21 semester hours of course work in audiology, and are engaged in the practice of audiology on proof of bona fide practice of audiology presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an application for licensure with the committee or the department within 90 days from the effective date of this Act.
- (c) The committee may waive the examination and grant licensure to an applicant who presents proof of current licensure in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United States which maintains professional standards considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
- (d) The committee may waive the examination and grant licensure to an applicant who holds the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association or has met equivalent requirements in the area for which a license is sought.

SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. (a) The committee shall issue a license to an applicant who meets the requirements of this Act and who pays to the committee the initial nonrefundable license fee

(b) A temporary certificate of registration may be applied for by a person who fulfills the requirements of Section 10 of this Act and who has not previously applied to take the examination provided under Section 12 of this Act.

(c) On receiving an application provided for under Subsection (b) of this section accompanied by the nonrefundable application fee, the committee shall issue a temporary certificate of registration which entitles the applicant to practice audiology or speech-language pathology for a period ending eight weeks after the conclusion of the next examination given after the date of issue.

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(d) All licenses expire and become invalid one year from the date of issuance if not renewed.

SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. (a) Each licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall annually pay the nonrefundable renewal fee for a renewal of his license. A 60-day grace period shall be allowed. After expiration of the grace period, the committee may renew each license after payment of a penalty set by the rules. No person who applies for renewal within two years after the date of expiration of the license may be required to submit to an examination as a condition to renewal.

- required to submit to an examination as a condition to renewal.

 (b) Persons who fail to renew their license within two years after the date of its expiration may not renew it, and it may not be restored, reissued, or reinstated thereafter, but those persons may apply for and obtain a new license if they meet the requirements of this Act.
- (c) Within three years of the effective date of this Act, renewal of a license is contingent on the applicant's meeting uniform continuing education requirements established by committee. These continuing education requirements must be of such a nature that they can be met without necessitating an extended absence from the licensee's county of residence. Notice of continuing education requirements shall be sent to all persons licensed under this Act at least 12 months prior to the time that the person's license renewal is dependent on completion of the requirements. Continuing education requirements shall be sent to new applicants with the forms on which they are to apply for Notification or changes in continuing licensure. education requirements shall be sent to persons licensed under this Act at least one year prior to the date on which the new requirements become effective.
- (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and may be renewed as provided in this Act, but the renewal does not entitle the licensee, while the license remains suspended and until it is reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity or in any other activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which the license was suspended. A license revoked on disciplinary grounds is subject to expiration as provided in this Act, but it may not be renewed. If it is reinstated after its expiration, the licensee as a condition of reinstatement shall pay a reinstatement fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the last preceding regular renewal date before the date on which it is reinstated, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time of the license revocation.

SECTION 16. FEES. The amount of fees initially prescribed in connection with a license as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist may not exceed the following:

- (1) application fee: \$75 examination fee: \$50 (2) \$75 (3) initial license fee: (4) license renewal fee: \$75 (5) delinquency fee: \$50 temporary license fee: \$25 (6)
- (7) duplicate license fee: \$10

 The committee by rule shall establish fees, and such fees shall be adjusted so that the total fees collected shall be sufficient to meet the expenses of administering this Act and so that unnecessary surpluses in the fund provided for in Section 20 of this Act are avoided.

SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. (a) The committee may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may suspend or revoke the license of any licensee for any of the following causes:

(1) obtaining a license by means of fraud,

misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts;

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- (2) selling, bartering, or offering to sell or barter a license or certificate of registration;
- (3) unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public as defined by the rules established by the committee or violation of the code of ethics adopted and published by the committee;
- (4) violating any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted by the committee; or
 - (5) violating any provisions of this Act.
- (b) The committee shall deny an application for or suspend or revoke or impose probationary conditions on a license as ordered by the committee in any decision made after hearing as provided in this Act. One year from the date of revocation of a license under this Act, application may be made to the committee for reinstatement. The committee shall have discretion to accept or reject an application for reinstatement and may require an examination for the reinstatement.
- (c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere made to a charge of a felony or of an offense involving moral turpitude is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this Act. At the direction of the committee the license may be suspended or revoked or the committee may decline to issue a license when the time for appeal of the conviction has elapsed or the judgment or conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence irrespective of a subsequent order allowing a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the information or indictment.

SECTION 18. PENALTIES. (a) A person who violates any of the provisions of this Act is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and on conviction may be punished by confinement in the county jail not exceeding six months, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both.

(b) If a person other than a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist has engaged in any act or practice which constitutes an offense under this Act, a district court of any county on application of the committee may issue an injunction or other appropriate order restraining such conduct.

SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION OF A LICENSE. (a) A person whose application for a license is denied is entitled to a hearing before the committee if such person submits a written request to the committee.

- (b) Proceedings for revocation or suspension of a license shall be commenced by filing charges with the committee in writing and under oath. The charges may be made by any person or persons.
- (c) The chairperson of the committee shall fix a time and place for a hearing and shall cause a written copy of the charges or reason for denial of a license, together with a notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing, to be served on the applicant requesting the hearing or the licensee against whom the charges have been filed at least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing. Service of charges and notice of hearing may be given by certified mail to the last known address of the licensee or applicant.
- (d) At the hearing the applicant or licensee has the right to appear either personally or by counsel or both, to produce witnesses, to have subpoenas issued by the committee, and to cross-examine opposing or adverse witnesses.
 (e) The committee shall determine the charges on their
- (e) The committee shall determine the charges on their merits and enter an order in a permanent record setting forth the findings of fact and law and the action taken. A copy of the order of the committee shall be mailed to the applicant or licensee at his or her last known address by certified mail.
- (f) An individual whose application for a license has been refused or whose license has been cancelled, revoked, or suspended by the committee may take an appeal, within 20 days after the order is entered, to any district court of Travis County or to any

district court of the county of his or her residence.

- (g) In all appeals prosecuted in any of the courts of this state pursuant to the provisions of this Act, such trials shall be de novo as that term is used and understood in appeals from justice of the peace courts. Under no circumstances shall the substantial evidence rule as interpreted and applied by the courts in Texas in other cases ever be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under the provisions of this Act.
- (h) All proceedings under this Act shall conform to the requirements of the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13g, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), except as modified by this section.

SECTION 20. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS RECEIVED. (a) All funds received by the committee under this Act shall be deposited in accordance with applicable state law in the State Treasury in a separate fund to be known as the speech-language pathology and audiology fund and be appropriated to the Texas Department of Health solely for administration of this Act.

- (b) After August 31, 1984, all expenses for the administration of the Act shall be paid from fees collected by the committee under this Act.
- (c) There is hereby appropriated \$80,000 to the speech-language pathology and audiology fund for the implementation of this Act, said funds coming from the General Revenue Fund for the first year provided that the first \$80,000 of application and license fees shall be returned to the General Revenue Fund as they are received.

SECTION 21. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. The provisions of Chapter 95, Acts of the 51st Legislature, Regular Session, 1949, as amended (Article 4590c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), do not apply to audiologists or speech-language pathologists duly qualified and licensed under this Act who confine their activity to the areas specified in this Act.

SECTION 22. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the

SECTION 22. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the provisions of this Act shall be without effect after August 31, 1993.

SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective September 1, 1983.

SECTION 24. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

* * * *

45 Austin, Texas 46 April 21, 1983

47 Hon. William P. Hobby 48 President of the Senate

49 Sir:

*

We, your Committee on Health and Human Resources to which was referred S.B. No. 813, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do not pass, but that the Committee Substitute adopted in lieu thereof do pass and be printed.

Parmer, Acting Chairman

BILL ANALYSIS

BY: BROOKS S.B. 813

Background Information:

Audiologists and speech pathologists are among the few professional health care providers in Texas whose practices are not regulated by the state. Although there is a national association that issues certificates of clinical competence to individuals who meet the educational and training standards of the organization, there is currently no mechanism whereby such practitioners can be examined and licensed by the state to practice their professions. Additionally, there is no statutory procedure for revoking the certification an individual may receive from its national organization if he or she is practicing beyond the scope of his or her training or ability.

What the Bill Proposes to Do:

Establishes the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology; specifies committee membership, appointment procedures, terms of office, meetings, powers and duties; provides for examination and licensure of pathologists and audiologists; specifies persons not subject to provisions of Act; establishes maximum fees and charges; provides for disciplinary action by committee of applicants and licensees; establishes separate fund in state treasury and specifies usage of funds; requires monthly committee reports to state comptroller; establishes expiration date of committee under Sunset provision.

Section by Section Analysis:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE. Establishes that it is a public necessity to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speech-language pathology and audiology services to the public.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. Provides definitions for the following terms:

- (1) "Committee"
- (2) "Person"
- (3) "Speech-language pathologist"
- "The practice of speech-language pathology" (4)
- "Audiologist" (5)
- "The practice of audiology" (6)
- "Speech-language pathology aide" (7)
- (8) "Audiology aide"

SECTION 3. ADMINISTRATION. (a) Creates the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health; establishes composition of committee; sets forth eligibility criteria for appointment to committee and specifies terms of office.

- (b) Establishes procedure for initial appointments to committee and terms of office for such appointments.
- (c) Directs committee to organize annually and select officers; establishes that each chair of the committee, except for the initial chairperson, must hold a valid license under this Act.
- (d) Specifies that five committee members constitutes a quorum.
- (e) Prohibits appointment to committee for more than two consecutive terms.
- (f) Provides for committee meetings; requires that examination be offered at a minimum of one regular meeting of committee.

SECTION 4. DUTIES AND POWERS. Directs committee to administer, coordinate, and enforce provisions of Act; requires committee to evaluate and examine applicants; authorizes committee to issue subpoenas, examine witnesses and administer oaths; requires committee to investigate persons practicing in violation of Act upon approval of the Commissioner of Health; sets forth that person holding state license to practice speech language or audiology is governed and controlled by committee rules; states that specific powers set forth elsewhere in Act shall not be construed as a limitation of powers conferred by this section; provides for committee to be represented by Attorney General, district and county attorneys of state; requires performance bond for officers and employees and state bond shall be paid from committee funds; permits committee to appoint subcommittees subject to approval of Commissioner of Health.

SECTION 5. COMPENSATION AND PAYMENT OF EXPENSES OF COMMITTEE. Limits compensation of committee members to reimbursement for actual expenses incurred in administering Act; sets forth that such expenses shall be paid from the state treasury.

SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. Directs Department of Health to provide necessary administrative and clerical employees and specifies that such employees are under the supervision and control of the committee.

SECTION 7. SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF RECORDS. Directs committee to adopt a seal; establishes that specified committee records and proceedings are prima facie evidence in all courts of state.

SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDIOLOGISTS. Provides for licenses for pathologists and audiologists to be granted independently; permits licensure in both professions; prohibits practice of or representation as pathologist or audiologist after December 31, 1983, unless licensed according to provisions of Act; sets forth that violation of subsection constitutes a deceptive trade practice.

SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT A FFECTED. Establishes that bill does not restrict the practice of other state-licensed professionals, the activities or services of certified speech and hearing therapists under the conditions specified, the activities and services of students or interns of speech-language pathology or audiology under the conditions specified, the use of an official title by a person teaching subject areas but not engaging in practice of pathology or audiology; sets forth

that Act does not authorize any violation of Article 4510, V.T.C.S.; establishes that Act does not authorize a person to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal or ear disorders; sets forth that Act shall not be construed to restrict physicians or surgeons from practicing medicine or from testing or evaluating speech or hearing; sets forth that Act does not apply to employees of Department of Health while performing job duties; provides that Act shall not affect persons trained by the health department for screening of hearing sensitivity; establishes that Act does not provide licensure to sell hearing aids; sets forth that Act does not restrict persons appropriately licensed to fit and dispense hearing aids nor does it restrict hearing testing programs in industrial settings that comply with regulations of Occupational Safety and Health Administration; provides that Act shall not restrict speech and hearing screening evaluations by licensed registered nurses practicing in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners.

SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. Establishes eligibility requirements for licensure as a speech-language pathologist or as an audiologist.

SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Specifies that application for licensure be made in manner prescribed by committee and be accompanied by a non-refundable fee.

SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. Establishes procedure for examination of applicants for licensure; requires committee to maintain records of examination scores for minimum of two years after exam; directs committee to determine performance standards; prohibits applicant failing two examinations from re-taking exam until proof of additional study is provided to committee; permits committee; permits committee to waive examination of applicants as specified.

SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. Specifies conditions under which the committee may waive educational, professional experience, or examination requirements for licensure.

SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. Directs committee to issue licenses to applicants who meet requirements of Act and who have paid the initial licensing fee; allows application for and issuance of temporary certificate of registration; specifies extent of practice that is authorized by temporary certificate.

SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. Establishes procedures and requirements for license renewal; sets forth that all licenses expire and become invalid one year from date issued if not renewed.

SECTION 16. FEES. Establishes maximum fees allowed for application, examination initial license, license renewal, delinquency, temporary license, and duplicate license; directs committee to adjust fees in order to meet expenses of administering Act and to avoid unnecessary surpluses in fund provided for in Section 20 of Act.

SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. Sets forth grounds for which the committee is authorized to revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue a license; provides procedure for denial of application and for application for reinstatement by committee; specifies that a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a nolo contendere plea of a felony or specified offense is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this Act; enables committee to suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue a license in specified situations.

SECTION 18. PENALTIES. Sets forth that violation of any provision of Act is a misdemeanor and sets penalty; allows for district court of any county upon application of the committee to issue injuction or retraining order if unlicensed person is committing an offense under this Act.

SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION OF A LICENSE. Entitles person whose application is denied to hearing before the committee; establishes proceedings required for revocation or suspension of license; sets forth required procedure for committee hearing on denial of application; specifies rights of applicant or licensee at hearing; directs committee to make determination and enter

Bill Analysis for S.B. 813 By: Brooks

Page 6

order in permanent record of its findings; directs committee to send a copy of the order by certified mail to the applicant or licensee; provides for appeal of revoked, suspended, cancelled licenses; establishes that case proceeds to district court; establishes that such trials of appeals shall be de novo and under no circumstances shall the substantial evidence rule be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under provisions of Act.

SECTION 20. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS RECEIVED. Requires all funds received under Act to be paid to committee's secretary-treasurer and to be deposited in separate fund in state treasury; provides for payment of administrative expenses from fees collected by the committee; provides for appropriation of General Revenue Funds for the first year of Act.

SECTION 21. REVENUE. Requires committee to report specified information to State Comptroller on monthly basis and to pay all revenue received in the fund specified in Section 20(a).

SECTION 22. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. Establishes that Article 4590C, V.T.C.S., does not apply to audiologists and speech-language pathologists licensed and acting in accordance with this Act.

SECTION 23. SUNSET PROVISION. Establishes expiration date of Act as August 31, 1993.

SECTION 24. EFFECTIVE DATE. Establishes effective date of Act as September 1, 1983.

SECTION 25. EMERGENCY. Emergency clause.

Rulemaking Authority:

It is the committee's opinion that rulemaking authority is granted to the State Committee of Examiners for Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology in SECTION 4(c) and Section 12(c) of this bill.

Fiscal Impact:

The fiscal implications of this bill were considered in the development of the fiscal note by the Legislative Budget Board.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 23, 1983

Honorable Chet Brooks, Chairman Committee on Health and Human Resources Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Bill No. 813

By: Brooks

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Bill No. 813 (relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists) this office has determined the following:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill would create the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health. Maximum fees for licensure and other services are set out in the bill, and would be deposited in a special fund in the treasury. All expenses for adiministration of the bill would be paid out of the special fund, except that for the first year funds could be appropriated from the General Revenue Fund. Approximately 2,000 persons are expected to seek licensure under the provisions of the bill.

The probable fiscal implication of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Probable Cost Out of the General Revenue Fund	Probable Cost out of the Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Change in Number of State employees from FY 1983
1984	\$ 67,916	\$ -0-	+ 2
1985	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1986	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1987,	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1988	-0-	61,057	+ 2

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

√im Oliver Director

Source: Department of Health: LBB Staff: JO, JH, GR, eb

S.B. 813

By Brooks

Substitute the following for S.B. 813:

By Short

C.S.S.B. 813

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists enforcement movedures and audiologists; providing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE. It is the policy of this state that in order to safeguard the public health, safety, and welfare and to protect the public from unprofessional conduct by speech-language pathologists and audiologists it is necessary to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speech-language pathology and audiology services to the public.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:

- (1) "Board" means the Texas Board of Health.
- (2) "Committee" means the State Committee of Examiners for Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology.
 - (3) "Department" means the Texas Department of Health.
- (4) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity.
- (5) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who practices speech-language pathology, who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of having speech, voice, or language disorders, and who meets the qualifications set forth in this Act.
 - (6) "The practice of speech-language pathology" means the application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, testing, evaluation, prediction, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to the development and disorders of speech, voice, or language for the purpose of rendering or offering to render an evaluation, prevention, or modification of these disorders and conditions in individuals or groups of individuals. Speech-language pathologists may perform the basic audiometric screening tests and hearing therapy procedures consistent with their training.
 - (7) "Audiologist" means a person who practices audiology, who makes a

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nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of having a hearing disorder, and who meets the qualifications set forth in this Act.

- (8) "The practice of audiology" means the application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, testing, appraisal, prediction, consultation, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to hearing and disorders of hearing and for the purpose of rendering or offering to render services modifying communicative disorders involving speech, language, auditory function, or other aberrant behavior relating to hearing loss. An audiologist may engage in any tasks, procedures, acts, or practices that are necessary (A) for the evaluation of hearing; (B) for training in the use of amplification including hearing aids; or (C) for the making of earmolds for hearing aids. An audiologist may participate in consultation regarding noise control and hearing conservation, may provide evaluations of environment or equipment including calibration of equipment used in testing auditory functioning and hearing conservation, and may perform the basic speech and language screening tests and procedures consistent with his or her training.
- (9) "Speech-language pathology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for speech-language pathology aides, and who works under the direction of a licensed speech-language pathologist. The qualifications for licensure as a speech-language pathology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as a speech-language pathologist.
- (10) "Audiology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for audiology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed audiologist. The qualifications for licensure as an audiology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as an audiologist.

SECTION 3. COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP. (a) The State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology is created within the Texas Department of Health. The committee consists of nine members appointed by the governor to take office on the effective date of this Act. Members of the committee must have been residents of the State of Texas for two years immediately preceding appointment and must be representative of varying

geographic regions of the state and from varying employment settings. Six members must have been engaged in rendering services teaching, or research in speech-language pathology or audiology for at least five years and must meet the qualifications for licensure under this Act. Of these six members, three members shall be audiologists, three members shall be speech-language pathologists. Except for the initial appointees, all six shall hold valid licenses under this Act. Three members shall be selected from the general public. One of the three public members of the committee must be a physician licensed to practice in the State of Texas and board certified in otolaryngology or pediatrics. The two remaining public members may not be:

- (1) Clicensed by an occupational regulatory agency in the field of health care;
- (2) demployed by and participating in the management of an agency or business entity that provides health-care services or that sells, manufactures or distributes health-care supplies or equipment;
- (3) own, control or have a direct or indirect interest in more than 10 percent of a business entity that provides health-care services or that sells, manufactures or distributes health-care supplies or equipment; or
- (4) Man officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade association in the field of health care. A member of the committee may not be related within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity to a person who is an officer, employee or a paid consultant of a trade association in the health-care field.
- (b) An appointment to the committee shall be made without regard to the race, creed, sex, religion, or national origin of the appointee.
- (c) A person who is required to register as a lobbyist under Chapter 422, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973 (Article 6252-9c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), in a health-related area may not serve as a member of the board or act as the general counsel to the board.

SECTION 4. TERMS; OFFICERS; QUORUM; EXPENSES. (a) The term of initial appointees to the board shall be determined by lot as follows: three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1985; three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1987; and three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1989. After the

initial appointments, members are appointed for staggered terms of six years, with three terms beginning September 1 of each odd-numbered year. Members of the committee shall serve until the expiration of the term to which they have been appointed or until their successors have qualified. A person may not be appointed to serve more than two consecutive terms.

- (b) The committee shall be organized annually and select a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and a secretary-treasurer. The initial chairperson shall be a person who meets the qualifications for licensing under this Act. After September 1, 1984, the chairperson shall hold a valid license under this Act.
 - (c) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum to do business.
- (d) The committee shall hold at least two regular meetings each year 3 at which time an examination as defined in Section 12 of this Act shall be offered. Additional meetings may be held on the call of the chairperson or at the written request of any three members of the committee. At least 14 days advance notice of the committee meeting is required.
- (e) Committee members receive no compensation for their services; however, each member of the committee is entitled to a per diem and travel allowance at the rate set by the legislature for state employees in the General Appropriations Act for each day that the member engages in the business of the committee.

SECTION 5. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE. (a) Subject to the approval of the board, the committee shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act, including rules that establish standards of ethical practice.

- (b) With the assistance of the department, the committee shall administer, coordinate and enforce the provisions of this Act; evaluate the qualifications of applicants; provide for the examination of applicants; and issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, administer oaths under the laws of the State of Texas.
- (c) With the assistance of the department and in accordance with the Administrative Procedures and Texas Register Act (Article 6252-13a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) shall conduct hearings and keep records and minutes necessary to the orderly administration of this Act.
- (d) The committee with the aid of the department shall investigate persons engaging in practices that violate the provisions of this Act.

- (e) A person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state is governed and controlled by the rules adopted by the committee and approved by the poard of health.
- (f) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers elsewhere in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the general powers conferred by this section.
- (g) The committee shall be represented by the attorney general and the district and county attorneys of this state.
- (h) The committee may appoint subcommittees to work under its jurisdiction, subject to the approval of the board.
- SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. The Texas Department of Health shall provide such administrative and clorical employees as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- SECTION 7. SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF RECORDS. The committee shall adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate its proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of the committee and certificates purporting to relate the facts concerning the proceedings, records, and acts, signed by the secretary-treasurer and authenticated by the seal, are prima facie evidence in all courts of this state.
- SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS
 AND AUDIOLOGISTS. (a) Licenses shall be granted either in speech-language pathology or audiology independently. Persons may be licensed in both areas if they meet the qualifications.
- (b) A person may not practice or represent himself or herself as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in this state after August 31, 1984, unless he or she is licensed in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (c) Any violation of this subsection shall constitute a deceptive trade practice.
- SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT AFFECTED. (a) This Act does not prevent qualified persons licensed in this state under another law from engaging in the profession for which they are licensed.
- (b) This Act does not prevent or restrict the activities and services and the use of an official title by persons holding a valid and current certification in speech and hearing therapy from the Texas Education Agency

if those persons perform speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of their duties within an agency, institution, or organization under the jurisdiction of the Texas Education Agency. If persons affected by this subsection perform work as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist apart from their positions within an agency, institution, or organization of the Texas Education Agency, they must have a license issued by the committee, except that a person affected by this subsection may perform speech and hearing screening procedures without compensation without having a license issued by the committee.

- (c) This Act does not restrict the activities and services of students or interns pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in speech-language pathology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Speech-Language Pathology Intern" or "Speech-Language Pathology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
- (d) This Act does not restrict activities and services of students or interns in audiology pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in audiology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Audiology Intern" or "Audiology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to his level of training.
 - (e) This Act does not restrict the performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this Act, if the services are performed for no more than five days in a calendar year and if the person meets the qualifications and requirements for application for licensure under this Act.
 - (f) This Act does not restrict the use of an official title by an individual teaching in a university or college training program, provided

that the person is not engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology and does not supervise persons engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology.

- (g) This Act does not permit a person to perform an act that would be in violation of the Medical Practice Act (Article 4495b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). This Act does not permit a person to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal or ear disorders.
- (h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or preventing a physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice of medicine in this state. This Act does not restrict speech or hearing testing or evaluation conducted by a licensed physician or surgeon.
- (i) This Act does not apply to persons employed by the Texas

 Department of Health in its programs concerned with hearing or speech services as long as they are performing duties under the jurisdiction of the Texas Department of Health.
- (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence of having received training by the Texas Department of Health in one of the hearing screening training programs approved by that agency, provided that all activities performed under this exception shall be limited to screening of hearing sensitivity.
- (k) This Act does not license a person to sell hearing aids as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular Session, 1969 (Article 4566-1.01 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
- (1) This Act does not prevent or restrict a person licensed by the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and Dispensing of Hearing Aids from engaging in the practice of fitting and dispensing hearing aids.
- (m) This Act does not prevent persons in an industrial setting from engaging in hearing testing as a part of a hearing conservation program in compliance with regulations of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, provided that such persons are certified by an agency acceptable to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

(n) This Act does not prevent or restrict speech or hearing sensitivity screening evaluations conducted by registered nurses licensed by the laws of this state and practicing in accordance with the standards of professional conduct and ethics promulgated by the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners. (o) This Act does not prevent the use of the title "certified hearing aid audiologist" by a person so certified by the National Hearing Aid Association if the person is a licensed hearing aid dispenser and uses the title solely in connection with fitting and dispensing hearing aids and does not represent himself to be a licensed audiologist under this Act. (p) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or preventing a licensed psychologist from engaging in the practice of psychology within the scope of the activities permitted under that license. SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. To be eligible for licensing as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, an applicant must: (1) cossess at least a master's degree with a major in speech—language pathology or audiology from an accredited or approved college or university; (2) submit transcripts from one or more colleges or universities showing successful completion of coursework, in amounts set by the dommittee with the approval of the poard in the following areas: (A) information about normal development and use of speech, language, and hearing; (B) information about evaluation, habilitation, and rehabilitation of speech, language and hearing disorders; and (C) information pertaining to related fields that augment the work of clinical practitioners of speech-language pathology and audiology; (3) have successfully completed at least 30 semester hours in courses that are acceptable toward a graduate degree by the colleges or university in which they are taken, at least 21 of which are within the professional area for which the license is requested and at least & of which are in audiology for the applicant for a speech-language pathology license or in speech-language pathology for the applicant for a license in audiology; (4) have completed a minimum of 300 clock hours of supervised clinical experience with individuals who present a variety of communication disorders, and this experience must have been obtained within his or her training institution or in one of its cooperating programs and under the supervision of a person holding a valid license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology, provided during the first year of this Act, the supervision may be under a person who would have met the qualifications for a license under this Act; and (5) have obtained the equivalent of nine months of full-time

supervised professional experience in which bona fide clinical work has been accomplished in the major professional area for which the license is being sought, under the supervision of a qualified person acceptable to the committee pursuant to guidelines approved by the board which experience must have begun after completion of the academic and clinical experience required by this section.

SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Each person desiring a license under this Act shall make application to the committee on a form and in the manner the committee prescribes. The application shall be accompanied by the application fee which may not be refunded by the committee.

SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant shall be examined by the committee and shall pay to the committee, at least 30 days prior to the date of examination, a non-refundable examination fee prescribed by the committee.

The examination shall be given at least twice each year at a time and place established by and under the supervision of the committee.

- (b) The committee may examine by written or oral examination or by both. The committee shall maintain a record of all examination scores for at least two years after the date of examination.
- (c) Standards for acceptable performance shall be determined by the committee.
- (d) The committee may examine in whatever theoretical or applied fields of speech-language pathology or audiology it deems appropriate. It may examine the candidates with regard to their professional skills and their judgment in the utilization of speech-language pathology or audiology techniques or methods.
- (e) Persons who fail the examination may be examined at a subsequent time if they pay another nonfrefundable examination fee. No applicant who has taken and failed to pass two examinations may take the examination until the person has submitted a new application together with a nonfrefundable application fee and presented evidence to the committee of additional study in the area for which licensure is sought.
 - (f) The committee may waive the examination for applicants who:
- (1) present proof of current licensure in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United States which maintains professional standards considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act; or
- (2) hold the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association in the area for which a license is

being sought.

SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a) The committee on request, must waive educational, professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure in speech-language pathology for applicants who hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree, are fully certified by the Texas-Education Agency in speech and hearing therapy or in the judgment of the committee have met equivalent requirements, and within two years prior to the effective date of this Act were engaged in the practice of speech pathology on proof of bona fide practice of speech pathology, presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an application for licensure with the committee or the board of health before August 31, 1984. Such licenses shall be issued without delay and shall be renewed in the same manner as licenses granted under other provisions of this Act.

- (b) The committee on request, shall waive educational, professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure in audiology for applicants who on the effective date of this Act, hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree and have successfully completed 21 semester hours of course work in audiology, and are engaged in the practice of audiology on proof of bona fide practice of audiology presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an application for licensure with the committee or the department within 90 days from the effective date of this Act.
- (c) The committee may waive the examination and grant licensure to an applicant who presents proof of current licensure in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United States which maintains professional standards considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
 - (d) The committee may waive the examination and grant licensure to an applicant who holds the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association or has met equivalent requirements in the area for which a license is sought.

SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. (a) The committee shall issue a license to an applicant who meets the requirements of this Act and who pays to the committee the initial nonzrefundable license fee.

(b) A temporary certificate of registration may be applied for by a

person who fulfills the requirements of Section 10 of this Act and who has not previously applied to take the examination provided under Section 12 of this Act.

- (c) On receiving an application provided for under Subsection (b) of this section accompanied by the non-refundable application fee, the committee shall issue a temporary certificate of registration which entitles the applicant to practice audiology or speech-language pathology for a period ending eight weeks after the conclusion of the next examination given after the date of issue.
- (d) All licenses expire and become invalid one year from the date of issuance if not renewed.

SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. (a) Each licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall annually pay the non-refundable renewal fee for a renewal of his license. A 60-day grace period shall be allowed. After expiration of the grace period, the committee may renew each license after payment of a penalty set by the rules. No person who applies for renewal within two years after the date of expiration of the license may be required to submit to an examination as a condition to renewal.

- (b) Persons who fail to renew their license within two years after the date of its expiration may not renew it, and it may not be restored, reissued, or reinstated thereafter, but those persons may apply for and obtain a new license if they meet the requirements of this Act.
- (c) Within three years of the effective date of this Act, renewal of a license is contingent on the applicant's meeting uniform continuing education requirements established by the committee. These continuing education requirements must be of such a nature that they can be met without necessitating an extended absence from the licensee's county of residence. Notice of continuing education requirements shall be sent to all persons licensed under this Act at least 12 months prior to the time that the person's license renewal is dependent on completion of the requirements. Continuing education requirements shall be sent to new applicants with the forms on which they are to apply for licensure. Notification or changes in continuing education requirements shall be sent to persons licensed under this Act at least one year prior to the date on which the new requirements become effective.
 - (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and may be renewed

as provided in this Act, but the renewal does not entitle the licensee, while the license remains suspended and until it is reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity or in any other activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which the license was suspended. A license revoked on disciplinary grounds is subject to expiration as provided in this Act, but it may not be renewed. If it is reinstated after its expiration, the licensee as a condition of reinstatement shall pay a reinstatement fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the last preceding regular renewal date before the date on which it is reinstated, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time of the license revocation.

SECTION 16. FEES. The amount of fees initially prescribed in connection with a license as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist may not exceed the following:

(1)	Application	fee:	\$75 16/4
			•

- (2) Examination fee: \$50
- (3) Initial license fee: \$75
- (4) License renewal fee: \$75
- (5) Delinquency fee: \$50
- (6) Temporary license fee: \$25
- (7) Duplicate license fee: \$10

The committee by rule shall establish fees, and such fees shall be adjusted so that the total fees collected shall be sufficient to meet the expenses of administering this Act and so that unnecessary surpluses in the fund provided for in Section 20 of this Act are avoided.

SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. (a) The committee may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may suspend or revoke the license of any licensee for any of the following causes:

- (1) obtaining a license by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts;
- (2) selling, bartering, or offering to sell or barter a license or certificate of registration;
- (3) unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public as defined by the rules established by the committee, or violation of the code of ethics adopted and published by the committee;

- (4) violating any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted by the committee; or
 - (5) violating any provisions of this Act. 900
- (b) The committee shall deny an application for, or suspend or revoke, or impose probationary conditions on a license as ordered by the committee in any decision made after hearing as provided in this Act. One year from the date of revocation of a license under this Act, application may be made to the committee for reinstatement. The committee shall have discretion to accept or reject an application for reinstatement and may require an examination for the reinstatement.
- (c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere made to a charge of a felony or of an offense involving moral turpitude is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this Act. At the direction of the committee the license may be suspended or revoked or the committee may decline to issue a license when the time for appeal of the conviction has elapsed or the judgment or conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence irrespective of a subsequent order allowing a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the information or indictment.
- SECTION 18. PENALTIES. (a) A person who violates any of the provisions of this Act is guilty of a class B misdemeanor and on conviction may be punished by confinement in the county jail not exceeding six months, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both.
- (b) If a person other than a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist has engaged in any act or practice which constitutes an offense under this Act, a district court of any county on application of the committee may issue an injunction or other appropriate order restraining such conduct.
- SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION OF A LICENSE. (a) A person whose application for a license is denied is entitled to a hearing before the committee if such person submits a written request to the committee.
- (b) Proceedings for revocation or suspension of a license shall be commenced by filing charges with the committee in writing and under oath. The charges may be made by any person or persons.

- (c) The chairperson of the committee shall fix a time and place for a hearing and shall cause a written copy of the charges or reason for denial of a license, together with a notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing, to be served on the applicant requesting the hearing or the licensee against whom the charges have been filed at least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing. Service of charges and notice of hearing may be given by certified mail to the last known address of the licensee or applicant.
 - (d) At the hearing the applicant or licensee has the right to appear either personally or by counsel, or both, to produce witnesses, to have subpoenas issued by the committee, and to cross-examine opposing or adverse witnesses.
- (e) The committee shall determine the charges on their merits and enter an order in a permanent record setting forth the findings of fact and law and the action taken. A copy of the order of the committee shall be mailed to the applicant or licensee at his or her last known address by certified mail.
- (f) An individual whose application for a license has been refused or whose license has been cancelled, revoked, or suspended by the committee may take an appeal, within 20 days after the order is entered, to any district court of Travis County or to any district court of the county of his or her residence.
- (g) In all appeals prosecuted in any of the courts of this state pursuant to the provisions of this Act, such trials shall be de novo as that term is used and understood in appeals from justice of the peace courts. Under no circumstances shall the substantial evidence rule as interpreted and applied by the courts in Texas in other cases ever be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under the provisions of this Act.
- (h) All proceedings under this Act shall conform to the requirements of the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act (Article 6252-13g, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) except as modified by this section.

by the _______committee under this Act shall be deposited in accordance with applicable state law in the State Treasury in a separate fund to be known as the speech-language pathology and audiology fund and be appropriated to the Texas Department of Health solely for administration of this Act.

- (b) After August 31, 1984, all expenses for the administration of the Act shall be paid from fees collected by the committee under this Act.
 - (c) There is hereby appropriated \$80,000,000 to the speech-language

pathology and audiology fund for the implementation of this Act, said funds coming from the General Revenue Fund for the first year provided that the first \$80,000,000 of application and license fees shall be returned to the general revenue fund as they are received.

SECTION 21. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. The provisions of Chapter 95, Acts of the 51st Legislature, Regular Session, 1949, as amended (Article 4590c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), do not apply to audiologists or speech-language pathologists duly qualified and licensed under this Act who confine their activity to the areas specified in this Act.

SECTION 22. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the provisions of this Act shall be without effect after August 31, 1993.

SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective September 1, 1983.

SECTION 24. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house as suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

May 9 19 83 Engrossed

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copy of the Senate on 1983 and received from the Senate on 1983

referred to the Committee

Chief Clerifier the House

By: Brooks (Hury)

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S.B. No. 813

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists; providing for hearings and judicial

4 review; making an appropriation; providing enforcement procedures

5 and penalties; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE. It is the policy of this state that in order to safeguard the public health, safety, and welfare and to protect the public from unprofessional conduct by speech-language pathologists and audiologists it is necessary to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speech-language pathology and audiology services to the public.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:

- (1) "Board" means the Texas Board of Health.
- 15 (2) "Committee" means the State Committee of Examiners for 16 Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology.
 - (3) "Department" means the Texas Department of Health.
- 18 (4) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, 19 or other legal entity.
 - (5) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who practices speech-language pathology, who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of having speech, voice, or language disorders, and who meets the qualifications set forth in this Act.

- (6) "The practice of speech-language pathology" means 1 application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for 2 the measurement, testing, evaluation, prediction, counseling, 3 rehabilitation, or instruction related to 4 development and disorders of speech, voice, or language for 5 the 6 purpose of rendering or offering to render an evaluation, prevention, or modification of these disorders and conditions in 7 individuals or groups of individuals. Speech-language pathologists 8 may perform the basic audiometric screening tests and hearing 9 10 therapy procedures consistent with their training.
- (7) "Audiologist" means a person who practices audiology,
 who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or
 provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who
 have or are suspected of having a hearing disorder, and who meets
 the qualifications set forth in this Act.
- (8) "The practice of audiology" means the application of 16 nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, 17 18 testing, appraisal, prediction, consultation, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to hearing and 19 disorders of hearing and for the purpose of rendering or offering 20 to render services modifying communicative disorders involving 21 speech, language, auditory function, or other aberrant behavior 22 relating to hearing loss. An audiologist may engage in any tasks, 23 procedures, acts, or practices that are necessary (A) for the 24 evaluation of hearing; (B) for training in the use of amplification 25 including hearing aids; or (C) for the making of earmolds for 26

hearing aids. An audiologist may participate in consultation regarding noise control and hearing conservation, may provide evaluations of environment or equipment including calibration of equipment used in testing auditory functioning and hearing conservation, and may perform the basic speech and language screening tests and procedures consistent with his or her training.

- (9) "Speech-language pathology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for speech-language pathology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed speech-language pathologist. The qualifications for licensure as a speech-language pathology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as a speech-language pathologist.
- (10) "Audiology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for audiology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed audiologist. The qualifications for licensure as an audiology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as an audiologist.
- SECTION 3. COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP. (a) The State Committee Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology is created within the Texas Department of Health. The committee consists of nine appointed by the governor to take office on the effective members date of this Act. Members of the committee must have been residents of the State of Texas for two years immediately preceding appointment and must be representative of varying geographic

regions of the state and from varying employment settings. 1 Six members must have been engaged in rendering services, teaching, or 2 research in speech-language pathology or audiology for at least 3 five years and must meet the qualifications for licensure under 4 5 this Act. Of these six members, three members shall be audiologists, three members shall be speech-language pathologists. 6 7 initial appointees, all six shall hold valid Except for the licenses under this Act. Three members shall be selected from the 8 general public. One of the three public members of the committee 9 must be a physician licensed to practice in the State of Texas and 10

(1) be licensed by an occupational regulatory agency in the field of health care;

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public members may not:

board certified in otolaryngology or pediatrics. The two remaining

- 15 (2) be employed by and participating in the management of an 16 agency or business entity that provides health-care services or 17 that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care supplies or 18 equipment;
- 19 (3) own, control, or have a direct or indirect interest in 20 more than 10 percent of a business entity that provides health-care 21 services or that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care 22 supplies or equipment; or
- 23 (4) be an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade 24 association in the field of health care. A member of the committee 25 may not be related within the second degree of affinity or 26 consanguinity to a person who is an officer, employee, or a paid

- 1 consultant of a trade association in the health-care field.
- 2 (b) An appointment to the committee shall be made without
- 3 regard to the race, creed, sex, religion, or national origin of the
- 4 appointee.
- 5 (c) A person who is required to register as a lobbyist under
- 6 Chapter 422, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973,
- 7 as amended (Article 6252-9c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), in a
- 8 health-related area may not serve as a member of the board or act
- 9 as the general counsel to the board.
- 10 SECTION 4. TERMS; OFFICERS; QUORUM; EXPENSES. (a) The term
- ll of initial appointees to the board shall be determined by lot as
- 12 follows: three members are appointed for terms which expire August
- 31, 1985; three members are appointed for terms which expire August
- 14 31, 1987; and three members are appointed for terms which expire
- 15 August 31, 1989. After the initial appointments, members are
- 16 appointed for staggered terms of six years, with three terms
- 17 beginning September 1 of each odd-numbered year. Members of the
- 18 committee shall serve until the expiration of the term to which
- 19 they have been appointed or until their successors have qualified.
- 20 A person may not be appointed to serve more than two consecutive
- 21 terms.
- (b) The committee shall be organized annually and select a
- 23 chairperson, vice-chairperson, and a secretary-treasurer. The
- 24 initial chairperson shall be a person who meets the qualifications
- 25 for licensing under this Act. After September 1, 1984, the
- 26 chairperson shall hold a valid license under this Act.

- 1 (c) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum to do business.
- (d) The committee shall hold at least two regular meetings each year at which time an examination as defined in Section 12 of this Act shall be offered. Additional meetings may be held on the call of the chairperson or at the written request of any three members of the committee. At least 14 days' advance notice of the committee meeting is required.
- 9 (e) Committee members receive no compensation for their 10 services; however, each member of the committee is entitled to a 11 per diem and travel allowance at the rate set by the legislature 12 for state employees in the General Appropriations Act for each day 13 that the member engages in the business of the committee.
- SECTION 5. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE. (a) Subject to the approval of the board, the committee shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act, including rules that establish standards of ethical practice.
- (b) With the assistance of the department, the committee shall administer, coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this Act; evaluate the qualifications of applicants; provide for the examination of applicants; and issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and administer oaths under the laws of the State of Texas.
- (c) With the assistance of the department and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), the committee shall conduct hearings and keep records and minutes

- 1 necessary to the orderly administration of this Act.
- 2 (d) The committee with the aid of the department shall 3 investigate persons engaging in practices that violate the 4 provisions of this Act.
- (e) A person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state is governed and controlled by the rules adopted by the committee and approved by the board of health.
- 9 (f) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers 10 elsewhere in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the 11 general powers conferred by this section.
- 12 (g) The committee shall be represented by the attorney 13 general and the district and county attorneys of this state.
- (h) The committee may appoint subcommittees to work under its jurisdiction, subject to the approval of the board.
- SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. The Texas Department
 of Health shall provide such administrative and clerical employees
 as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- 19 SECTION 7. SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION RECORDS. OF The 20 adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate its committee shall proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of 21 committee and certificates purporting to relate the facts 22 23 concerning the proceedings, records, and acts, signed by the secretary-treasurer and authenticated by the seal, are prima facie 24 evidence in all courts of this state. 25
- 26 . SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE

- 1 PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDIOLOGISTS. (a) Licenses shall be granted
- 2 either in speech-language pathology or audiology independently.
- 3 Persons may be licensed in both areas if they meet the
- 4 qualifications.
- 5 (b) A person may not practice or represent himself or
- 6 herself as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in this
- 7 state after August 31, 1984, unless he or she is licensed in
- 8 accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 9 (c) Any violation of this subsection shall constitute a
- 10 deceptive trade practice.
- 11 SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT AFFECTED. (a) This
- 12 Act does not prevent qualified persons licensed in this state under
- 13 another law from engaging in the profession for which they are
- licensed.
- 15 (b) This Act does not prevent or restrict the activities and
- 16 services and the use of an official title by persons holding a
- 17 valid and current certification in speech and hearing therapy from
- 18 the Central Education Agency if those persons perform
- 19 speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of
- 20 their duties within an agency, institution, or organization under
- 21 the jurisdiction of the Central Education Agency. If persons
- 22 affected by this subsection perform work as a speech-language
- 23 pathologist or audiologist apart from their positions within an
- 24 agency, institution, or organization of the Central Education
- 25 Agency, they must have a license issued by the committee, except
- 26 that a person affected by this subsection may perform speech and

- hearing screening procedures without compensation without having a
- 2 license issued by the committee.
- (c) This Act does not restrict the activities and services 3 of students or interns pursuing a course of study leading to a 4 degree in speech-language pathology at a college or university 5 accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities 6 7 or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship 8 year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person 9 licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title 10 such as "Speech-Language Pathology Intern" or "Speech-Language 11 Pathology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training 12 status appropriate to their level of training. 13
- (d) This Act does not restrict activities and services 14 15 students or interns in audiology pursuing a course of study leading a degree in audiology at a college or university accredited by 16 the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its 17 equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute 18 a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that 19 after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed 20 under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as 21 "Audiology Intern" or "Audiology Trainee" or other title clearly 22 indicating the training status appropriate to their level of 23 24 training.
- (e) This Act does not restrict the performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a

- 1 person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this
- 2 Act, if the services are performed for no more than five days in a
- 3 calendar year and if the person meets the qualifications and
- 4 requirements for application for licensure under this Act.
- 5 (f) This Act does not restrict the use of an official title
- 6 by an individual teaching in a university or college training
- 7 program, provided that the person is not engaged in the practice of
- 8 speech-language pathology or audiology and does not supervise
- 9 persons engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or
- 10 audiology.
- 11 (g) This Act does not permit a person to perform an act that
- would be in violation of the Medical Practice Act (Article 4495b,
- 13 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). This Act does not permit a person
- 14 to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal
- or ear disorders.
- 16 (h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or
- 17 preventing a physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice of
- 18 medicine in this state. This Act does not restrict speech or
- 19 hearing testing or evaluation conducted by a licensed physician or
- 20 surgeon.
- (i) This Act does not apply to persons employed by the Texas
- 22 Department of Health in its programs concerned with hearing or
- 23 speech services as long as they are performing duties under the
- jurisdiction of the Texas Department of Health.
- 25 (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence
- 26 of having received training by the Texas Department of Health in

- 1 one of the hearing screening training programs approved by that
- 2 agency, provided that all activities performed under this exception
- 3 shall be limited to screening of hearing sensitivity.
- 4 (k) This Act does not license a person to sell hearing aids
- 5 as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular
- 6 Session, 1969, as amended (Article 4566-1.01 et seq., Vernon's
- 7 Texas Civil Statutes).
- 8 (1) This Act does not prevent or restrict a person licensed
- 9 by the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and Dispensing of
- 10 Hearing Aids from engaging in the practice of fitting and
- ll dispensing hearing aids.
- 12 (m) This Act does not prevent persons in an industrial
- 13 setting from engaging in hearing testing as a part of a hearing
- 14 conservation program in compliance with regulations of the
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, provided that such
- persons are certified by an agency acceptable to the Occupational
- 17 Safety and Health Administration.
- 18 (n) This Act does not prevent or restrict speech or hearing
- 19 sensitivity screening evaluations conducted by registered nurses
- 20 licensed by the laws of this state and practicing in accordance
- 21 with the standards of professional conduct and ethics promulgated
- 22 by the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners.
- (o) This Act does not prevent the use of the title
- 24 "Certified Hearing Aid Audiologist" by a person so certified by the
- 25 National Hearing Aid Association if the person is a licensed
- hearing aid dispenser and uses the title solely in connection with

- fitting and dispensing hearing aids and does not represent himself
- 2 to be a licensed audiologist under this Act.
- 3 (p) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or
- 4 preventing a licensed psychologist from engaging in the practice of
- 5 psychology within the scope of the activities permitted under that
- 6 license.
- 7 SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. To be
- 8 eligible for licensing as a speech-language pathologist or
- 9 audiologist, an applicant must:
- 10 (1) possess at least a master's degree with a major in
- 11 speech-language pathology or audiology from an accredited or
- 12 approved college or university;
- 13 (2) submit transcripts from one or more colleges or
- 14 universities showing successful completion of course work in
- amounts set by the committee with the approval of the board in the
- 16 following areas:
- 17 (A) information about normal development and use of speech,
- 18 language, and hearing;
- 19 (B) information about evaluation, habilitation, and
- rehabilitation of speech, language, and hearing disorders; and
- 21 (C) information pertaining to related fields that augment
- 22 the work of clinical practitioners of speech-language pathology and
- 23 audiology;
- 24 (3) have successfully completed at least 30 semester hours
- 25 in courses that are acceptable toward a graduate degree by the
- college or university in which they are taken, at least 21 of which

- are within the professional area for which the license is requested 1 and at least six of which are in audiology for the applicant for a 2 speech-language pathology license or in speech-language pathology 3 for the applicant for a license in audiology; 4
- 5 (4) have completed a minimum of 300 clock hours of supervised clinical experience with individuals who present a 6 variety of communication disorders, and this experience must have 7 been obtained within his or her training institution or in one of 8 its cooperating programs and under the supervision of a person 9 holding a valid license to practice speech-language pathology or 10 audiology, provided during the first year of this Act, the 11 supervision may be under a person who would have met the 13 qualifications for a license under this Act; and

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- 14 (5) have obtained the equivalent of nine months of full-time supervised professional experience in which bona fide clinical work 15 16 has been accomplished in the major professional area for which the license is being sought, under the supervision of a qualified 17 person acceptable to the committee pursuant to guidelines approved 18 by the board which experience must have begun after completion of 19 the academic and clinical experience required by this section. 20
- SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Each person desiring a 21 license under this Act shall make application to the committee on a 22 form and in the manner the committee prescribes. 23 The application shall be accompanied by the application fee which may not be 24 refunded by the committee. 25
- . SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant shall 26

- 1 examined by the committee and shall pay to the committee, at least
- 2 30 days prior to the date of examination, a nonrefundable
- 3 examination fee prescribed by the committee. The examination shall
- 4 be given at least twice each year at a time and place established
- 5 by and under the supervision of the committee.
- 6 (b) The committee may examine by written or oral examination
- 7 or by both. The committee shall maintain a record of all
- 8 examination scores for at least two years after the date of
- 9 examination.
- 10 (c) Standards for acceptable performance shall be determined
- 11 by the committee.
- 12 (d) The committee may examine in whatever theoretical or
- applied fields of speech-language pathology or audiology it deems
- 14 appropriate. It may examine the candidates with regard to their
- 15 professional skills and their judgment in the utilization of
- speech-language pathology or audiology techniques or methods.
- 17 (e) Persons who fail the examination may be examined at a
- subsequent time if they pay another nonrefundable examination fee.
- 19 No applicant who has taken and failed to pass two examinations may
- 20 take the examination until the person has submitted a new
- 21 application together with a nonrefundable application fee and
- 22 presented evidence to the committee of additional study in the area
- 23 for which licensure is sought.
- 24 (f) The committee may waive the examination for applicants
- 25 who:
- 26 . (1) present proof of current licensure in another state,

- 1 including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United
- 2 States which maintains professional standards considered by the
- 3 committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act; or
- 4 (2) hold the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the
- 5 American Speech-Language Hearing Association in the area for which
- 6 a license is being sought.
- 7 SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a) The
- 8 committee on request must waive educational, professional
- 9 experience, and examination requirements for licensure in
- 10 speech-language pathology for applicants who hold a baccalaureate
- 11 or graduate degree, are fully certified by the Central Education
- 12 Agency in speech and hearing therapy or in the judgment of the
- 13 committee have met equivalent requirements, and within two years
- 14 prior to the effective date of this Act were engaged in the
- practice of speech pathology on proof of bona fide practice of
- 16 speech pathology, presented to the committee in the manner
- 17 prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an
- application for licensure with the committee or the board of health
- 19 before August 31, 1984. Such licenses shall be issued without
- 20 delay and shall be renewed in the same manner as licenses granted
- 21 under other provisions of this Act.
- (b) The committee on request shall waive educational,
- professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure
- 24 in audiology for applicants who on the effective date of this Act
- 25 hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree and have successfully
- 26 completed 21 semester hours of course work in audiology, and are

- 1 engaged in the practice of audiology on proof of bona fide practice
- 2 of audiology presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by
- 3 the committee's rules, provided they file an application for
- 4 licensure with the committee or the department within 90 days from
- 5 the effective date of this Act.
- 6 (c) The committee may waive the examination and grant
- 7 licensure to an applicant who presents proof of current licensure
- 8 in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory
- 9 of the United States which maintains professional standards
- 10 considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in
- 11 this Act.
- 12 (d) The committee may waive the examination and grant
- licensure to an applicant who holds the Certificate of Clinical
- 14 Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association or
- has met equivalent requirements in the area for which a license is
- 16 sought.
- 17 SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. (a) The committee shall
- issue a license to an applicant who meets the requirements of this
- 19 Act and who pays to the committee the initial nonrefundable license
- 20 fee.
- 21 (b) A temporary certificate of registration may be applied
- 22 for by a person who fulfills the requirements of Section 10 of this
- 23 Act and who has not previously applied to take the examination
- 24 provided under Section 12 of this Act.
- 25 (c) On receiving an application provided for under
- 26 Subsection (b) of this section accompanied by the nonrefundable

- 1 application fee, the committee shall issue a temporary certificate
- 2 of registration which entitles the applicant to practice audiology
- 3 or speech-language pathology for a period ending eight weeks after
- 4 the conclusion of the next examination given after the date of
- 5 issue.
- 6 (d) All licenses expire and become invalid one year from the 7 date of issuance if not renewed.
- 8 SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. (a) Each licensed
- 9 speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall annually pay the
- 10 nonrefundable renewal fee for a renewal of his license. A 60-day
- 11 grace period shall be allowed. After expiration of the grace
- 12 period, the committee may renew each license after payment of a
- penalty set by the rules. No person who applies for renewal within
- 14 two years after the date of expiration of the license may be
- 15 required to submit to an examination as a condition to renewal.
- 16 (b) Persons who fail to renew their license within two years
- 17 after the date of its expiration may not renew it, and it may not
- 18 be restored, reissued, or reinstated thereafter, but those persons
- 19 may apply for and obtain a new license if they meet the
- 20 requirements of this Act.
- 21 (c) Within three years of the effective date of this Act,
- 22 renewal of a license is contingent on the applicant's meeting
- 23 uniform continuing education requirements established by the
- 24 committee. These continuing education requirements must be of such
- 25 a nature that they can be met without necessitating an extended
- 26 absence from the licensee's county of residence. Notice of

continuing education requirements shall be sent to all persons 1 2 licensed under this Act at least 12 months prior to the time that the person's license renewal is dependent on completion of the 3 requirements. Continuing education requirements shall be sent to 4 new applicants with the forms on which they are to apply for 5 Notification or changes in 6 continuing requirements shall be sent to persons licensed under this Act at 7 least one year prior to the date on which the new requirements 8 9 become effective.

- (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and may be 10 11 renewed as provided in this Act, but the renewal does not entitle the licensee, while the license remains suspended and until it is 12 reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity or in any other 13 activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which 14 15 the license was suspended. A license revoked on disciplinary grounds is subject to expiration as provided in this Act, but it 16 may not be renewed. If it is reinstated after its expiration, the 17 licensee as a condition of reinstatement shall pay a reinstatement 18 fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on 19 preceding regular renewal date before the date on which it is 20 21 reinstated, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time of the license revocation. 22
- SECTION 16. FEES. The amount of fees initially prescribed in connection with a license as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist may not exceed the following:
- (1) application fee: \$75

- 1 (2) examination fee: \$50
- 2 (3) initial license fee: \$75
- 3 (4) license renewal fee: \$75
- 4 (5) delinquency fee: \$50
- 5 (6) temporary license fee: \$25
- 6 (7) duplicate license fee: \$10
- 7 The committee by rule shall establish fees, and such fees shall be
- 8 adjusted so that the total fees collected shall be sufficient to
- 9 meet the expenses of administering this Act and so that unnecessary
- 10 surpluses in the fund provided for in Section 20 of this Act are
- 11 avoided.
- 12 SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. (a) The
- 13 committee may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may
- 14 suspend or revoke the license of any licensee for any of the
- 15 following causes:
- 16 (1) obtaining a license by means of fraud,
- misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts;
- 18 (2) selling, bartering, or offering to sell or barter a
- license or certificate of registration;
- 20 (3) unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely
- 21 to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public as defined
- 22 by the rules established by the committee or violation of the code
- of ethics adopted and published by the committee;
- 24 (4) violating any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted
- 25 by the committee; or
- 26 (5) violating any provisions of this Act.

- The committee shall deny an application for or suspend 1 2 or revoke or impose probationary conditions on a license as ordered by the committee in any decision made after hearing as provided in 3 this Act. One year from the date of revocation of a license under 4 5 Act, application may be made to the committee 6 reinstatement. The committee shall have discretion to accept 7 an application for reinstatement and may require 8 examination for the reinstatement.
- (c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following 9 plea of nolo contendere made to a charge of a felony or of an 10 offense involving moral turpitude is deemed to be a conviction 11 within the meaning of this Act. At the direction of the committee 12 13 the license may be suspended or revoked or the committee may 14 decline to issue a license when the time for appeal of the 15 conviction has elapsed or the judgment or conviction has been 16 affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made 17 suspending the imposition of sentence irrespective of a subsequent order allowing a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty, or 18 19 setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the information 20 or indictment.
- SECTION 18. PENALTIES. (a) A person who violates any of the provisions of this Act is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and on conviction may be punished by confinement in the county jail not exceeding six months, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both.

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(b) If a person other than a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist has engaged in any act or practice which

- constitutes an offense under this Act, a district court of any 1
- 2 county on application of the committee may issue an injunction or
- 3 other appropriate order restraining such conduct.
- SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION
- 5 A LICENSE. (a) A person whose application for a license is
- denied is entitled to a hearing before the committee if such person 6
- 7 submits a written request to the committee.
- (b) Proceedings for revocation or suspension of a license 8 shall be commenced by filing charges with the committee in writing 9
- and under oath. The charges may be made by any person or persons. 10
- (c) The chairperson of the committee shall fix a time and 11
- place for a hearing and shall cause a written copy of the charges or reason for denial of a license, together with a notice of the 13
- time and place fixed for the hearing, to be served on the applicant 14
- requesting the hearing or the licensee against whom the charges 15
- have been filed at least 20 days prior to the date set for the 16
- 17 hearing. Service of charges and notice of hearing may be given by
- certified mail to the last known address of the licensee or 18
- 19 applicant.

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- 20 (d) At the hearing the applicant or licensee has the right
- appear either personally or by counsel or both, to produce 21
- 22 witnesses, to have subpoenas issued by the committee, and to
- 23 cross-examine opposing or adverse witnesses.
- 24 The committee shall determine the charges on their (e)
- merits and enter an order in a permanent record setting forth the 25
- findings of fact and law and the action taken. A copy of the order 26

- 1 of the committee shall be mailed to the applicant or licensee at
- 2 his or her last known address by certified mail.
- 3 (f) An individual whose application for a license has been
- 4 refused or whose license has been cancelled, revoked, or suspended
- 5 by the committee may take an appeal, within 20 days after the order
- 6 is entered, to any district court of Travis County or to any
- 7 district court of the county of his or her residence.
- 8 (g) In all appeals prosecuted in any of the courts of this
- 9 state pursuant to the provisions of this Act, such trials shall be
- de novo as that term is used and understood in appeals from justice
- 11 of the peace courts. Under no circumstances shall the substantial
- 12 evidence rule as interpreted and applied by the courts in Texas in
- other cases ever be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under the
- 14 provisions of this Act.
- 15 (h) All proceedings under this Act shall conform to the
- 16 requirements of the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register
- 17 Act, as amended (Article 6252-13g, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes),
- 18 except as modified by this section.
- 19 SECTION 20. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS RECEIVED. (a) All funds
- 20 received by the committee under this Act shall be deposited in
- 21 accordance with applicable state law in the State Treasury in a
- 22 separate fund to be known as the speech-language pathology and
- 23 audiology fund and be appropriated to the Texas Department of
- Health solely for administration of this Act.
- (b) After August 31, 1984, all expenses for the
- administration of the Act shall be paid from fees collected by the

- 1 committee under this Act.
- 2 (c) There is hereby appropriated \$80,000 to the
- 3 speech-language pathology and audiology fund for the implementation
- 4 of this Act, said funds coming from the General Revenue Fund for
- 5 the first year provided that the first \$80,000 of application and
- 6 license fees shall be returned to the General Revenue Fund as they
- 7 are received.
- 8 SECTION 21. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. The
- 9 provisions of Chapter 95, Acts of the 51st Legislature, Regular
- 10 Session, 1949, as amended (Article 4590c, Vernon's Texas Civil
- 11 Statutes), do not apply to audiologists or speech-language
- 12 pathologists duly qualified and licensed under this Act who confine
- their activity to the areas specified in this Act.
- 14 SECTION 22. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the
- provisions of this Act shall be without effect after August 31,
- 16 1993.
- 17 SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective September
- 18 1, 1983.
- 19 SECTION 24. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation
- and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an
- 21 emergency and an imperative public necessity that the
- 22 constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several
- 23 days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 23, 1983

Honorable Chet Brooks, Chairman Committee on Health and Human Resources Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

> Senate Bill No. 813 In Re:

> > By: Brooks

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Bill No. 813 (relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists) this office has determined the following:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill would create the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health. Maximum fees for licensure and other services are set out in the bill, and would be deposited in a special fund in the treasury. All expenses for adiministration of the bill would be paid out of the special fund, except that for the first year funds could be appropriated from the General Revenue Fund. Approximately 2,000 persons are expected to seek licensure under the provisions of the bill.

The probable fiscal implication of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Probable Cost Out of the General Revenue Fund	Probable Cost out of the Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Change in Number of State employees from FY 1983
1984	\$ 67,916	\$ -0-	+ 2
1985	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1986	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1987	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1988	-0-	61,057	+ 2

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

im Oliver

Director

Source: Department of Health: LBB Staff: JO, JH, GR, eb

HOUSE HOUSE REPORT

1st Printing

By: Brooks (Hury)

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S.B. No. 813

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating	to	the	licensing	and	regulat	ion	of	speed	:h-languag	ſe
3	pathologi	sts	and	audiologists	s; pr	oviding	for	hearin	gs an	ıd judicia	ı 1
4	review; m	aking	g an	appropriation	on; p	roviding	g er	nforcem	ent	procedure	:5
5	and penal	ties;	and	l declaring a	an em	ergency.					

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE. It is the policy of this state that in order to safeguard the public health, safety, and welfare and to protect the public from unprofessional conduct by speech-language pathologists and audiologists it is necessary to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speech-language pathology and audiology services to the public.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:

- (1) "Board" means the Texas Board of Health.
- 15 (2) "Committee" means the State Committee of Examiners for 16 Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology.
- 17 (3) "Department" means the Texas Department of Health.
- 18 (4) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership,
 19 or other legal entity.
- 20 (5) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who 21 practices speech-language pathology, who makes a nonmedical 22 evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or 23 rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected 24 having speech, voice, or language disorders, and who meets the 25 qualifications set forth in this Act.

(6) "The practice of speech-language pathology" means application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, testing, evaluation, prediction, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to the development and disorders of speech, voice, or language for the purpose of rendering or offering to render an evaluation, prevention, or modification of these disorders and conditions in individuals or groups of individuals. Speech-language pathologists may perform the basic audiometric screening tests and hearing therapy procedures consistent with their training.

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- 11 (7) "Audiologist" means a person who practices audiology,
 12 who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or
 13 provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who
 14 have or are suspected of having a hearing disorder, and who meets
 15 the qualifications set forth in this Act.
 - (8) "The practice of audiology" means the application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, testing, appraisal, prediction, consultation, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to hearing and disorders of hearing and for the purpose of rendering or offering to render services modifying communicative disorders involving speech, language, auditory function, or other aberrant behavior relating to hearing loss. An audiologist may engage in any tasks, procedures, acts, or practices that are necessary (A) for the evaluation of hearing; (B) for training in the use of amplification including hearing aids; or (C) for the making of earmolds for

hearing aids. An audiologist may participate in consultation regarding noise control and hearing conservation, may provide evaluations of environment or equipment including calibration of equipment used in testing auditory functioning and hearing conservation, and may perform the basic speech and language screening tests and procedures consistent with his or her training.

- (9) "Speech-language pathology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for speech-language pathology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed speech-language pathologist. The qualifications for licensure as a speech-language pathology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as a speech-language pathologist.
- (10) "Audiology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for audiology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed audiologist. The qualifications for licensure as an audiology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as an audiologist.
- SECTION 3. COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP. (a) The State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology is created within the Texas Department of Health. The committee consists of nine members appointed by the governor to take office on the effective date of this Act. Members of the committee must have been residents of the State of Texas for two years immediately preceding appointment and must be representative of varying geographic

regions of the state and from varying employment 1 settings. 2 members must have been engaged in rendering services, teaching, or research in speech-language pathology or audiology for at least five years and must meet the qualifications for licensure under 5 this Act Of these six members, three members shall be audiologists, three members shall be speech-language pathologists. 6 7 Except for the initial appointees, all six shall hold valid licenses under this Act. Three members shall be selected from the 8 G general public. One of the three public members of the committee must be a physician licensed to practice in the State of Texas and 10 board certified in otolaryngology or pediatrics. The two remaining 11 12 public members may not:

- 13 (1) be licensed by an occupational regulatory agency in the field of health care;
- 15 (2) be employed by and participating in the management of an 16 agency or business entity that provides health-care services or 17 that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care supplies or 18 equipment;
- 19 (3) own, control, or have a direct or indirect interest in 20 more than 10 percent of a business entity that provides health-care 21 services or that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care 22 supplies or equipment; or
- 23 (4) be an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade 24 association in the field of health care. A member of the committee 25 may not be related within the second degree of affinity or 26 consanguinity to a person who is an officer, employee, or a paid

- 1 consultant of a trade association in the health-care field.
- 2 (b) An appointment to the committee shall be made without regard to the race, creed, sex, religion, or national origin of the appointee.
- 5 (c) A person who is required to register as a lobbyist under 6 Chapter 422, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, 7 as amended (Article 6252-9c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), in a 8 health-related area may not serve as a member of the board or act 9 as the general counsel to the board.
- 10 SECTION 4. TERMS; OFFICERS; QUORUM; EXPENSES. (a) The term of initial appointees to the board shall be determined by lot as 11 12 follows: three members are appointed for terms which expire August 31, 1985; three members are appointed for terms which expire August 13 1987; and three members are appointed for terms which expire 14 31, August 31, 1989. 15 After the initial appointments, members 16 appointed for staggered terms of six years, with three terms 17 beginning September 1 of each odd-numbered year. Members of the 18 committee shall serve until the expiration of the term to which 19 they have been appointed or until their successors have qualified. A person may not be appointed to serve more than two consecutive 20 21 terms.
- 22 (b) The committee shall be organized annually and select a 23 chairperson, vice-chairperson, and a secretary-treasurer. The 24 initial chairperson shall be a person who meets the qualifications 25 for licensing under this Act. After September 1, 1984, the 26 chairperson shall hold a valid license under this Act.

Five members of the committee constitute a quorum to do 1 (c) 2 business.

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- The committee shall hold at least two regular meetings each year at which time an examination as defined in Section 12 this Act shall be offered. Additional meetings may be held on the call of the chairperson or at the written request of any three members of the committee. At least 14 days' advance notice of the committee meeting is required.
 - (e) Committee members receive no compensation for their services; however, each member of the committee is entitled to a per diem and travel allowance at the rate set by the legislature for state employees in the General Appropriations Act for each day that the member engages in the business of the committee.
 - SECTION 5. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE. (a) to the approval of the board, the committee shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act, including rules that establish standards of ethical practice.
- 18 (b) With the assistance of the department, the committee shall administer, coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this 19 Act; evaluate the qualifications of applicants; provide for the 21 examination of applicants; and issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, 22 and administer oaths under the laws of the State of Texas.
 - (c) With the assistance of the department and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), the committee shall conduct hearings and keep records and minutes

- 1 necessary to the orderly administration of this Act.
- 2 (d) The committee with the aid of the department shall investigate persons engaging in practices that violate the provisions of this Act.
- (e) A person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state is governed and controlled by the rules adopted by the committee and approved by the board of health.
- 9 (f) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers
 10 elsewhere in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the
 11 general powers conferred by this section.
- 12 (g) The committee shall be represented by the attorney
 13 general and the district and county attorneys of this state.
- (h) The committee may appoint subcommittees to work under its jurisdiction, subject to the approval of the board.
- SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. The Texas Department
 of Health shall provide such administrative and clerical employees
 as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF RECORDS. The SECTION 7. 19 committee shall adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate its 20 21 proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of 22 committee and certificates purporting to relate the facts concerning the proceedings, records, and acts, signed by the 23 secretary-treasurer and authenticated by the seal, are prima facie 24 25 evidence in all courts of this state.
- 26 . SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE

- 1 PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDIOLOGISTS. (a) Licenses shall be granted
- 2 either in speech-language pathology or audiology independently.
- 3 Persons may be licensed in both areas if they meet the
- 4 qualifications.
- 5 (b) A person may not practice or represent himself or
- 6 herself as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in this
- 7 state after August 31, 1984, unless he or she is licensed in
- 8 accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 9 (c) Any violation of this subsection shall constitute a
- 10 deceptive trade practice.
- 11 SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT AFFECTED. (a) This
- 12 Act does not prevent qualified persons licensed in this state under
- 13 another law from engaging in the profession for which they are
- 14 licensed.

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- 15 (b) This Act does not prevent or restrict the activities and
- 16 services and the use of an official title by persons holding a
- 17 valid and current certification in speech and hearing therapy from
- 18 the Central Education Agency if those persons perform
- speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of
- 20 their duties within an agency, institution, or organization under
- 21 the jurisdiction of the Central Education Agency. If persons
- 22 affected by this subsection perform work as a speech-language
- 23 pathologist or audiologist apart from their positions within an

agency, institution, or organization of the Central Education

- 25 Agency, they must have a license issued by the committee, except
- 26 that a person affected by this subsection may perform speech and

hearing screening procedures without compensation without having a license issued by the committee.

- of students or interns pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in speech-language pathology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Speech-Language Pathology Intern" or "Speech-Language Pathology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
 - (d) This Act does not restrict activities and services of students or interns in audiology pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in audiology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Audiology Intern" or "Audiology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
- (e) This Act does not restrict the performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a

- 1 person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this
- 2 Act, if the services are performed for no more than five days in a
- 3 calendar year and if the person meets the qualifications and
- 4 requirements for application for licensure under this Act.
- 5 (f) This Act does not restrict the use of an official title
- 6 by an individual teaching in a university or college training
- 7 program, provided that the person is not engaged in the practice of
- 8 speech-language pathology or audiology and does not supervise
- 9 persons engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or
- 10 audiology.
- 11 (g) This Act does not permit a person to perform an act that
- 12 would be in violation of the Medical Practice Act (Article 4495b,
- 13 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). This Act does not permit a person
- 14 to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal
- or ear disorders.
- 16 (h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or
- 17 preventing a physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice of
- 18 medicine in this state. This Act does not restrict speech or
- 19 hearing testing or evaluation conducted by a licensed physician or
- 20 surgeon.
- 21 (i) This Act does not apply to persons employed by the Texas
- 22 Department of Health in its programs concerned with hearing or
- 23 speech services as long as they are performing duties under the
- jurisdiction of the Texas Department of Health.
- (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence
- of having received training by the Texas Department of Health in

- one of the hearing screening training programs approved by that
- 2 agency, provided that all activities performed under this exception
- 3 shall be limited to screening of hearing sensitivity.
- 4 (k) This Act does not license a person to sell hearing aids
- 5 as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular
- 6 Session, 1969, as amended (Article 4566-1.01 et seq., Vernon's
- 7 Texas Civil Statutes).
- 8 (1) This Act does not prevent or restrict a person licensed
- 9 by the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and Dispensing of
- 10 Hearing Aids from engaging in the practice of fitting and
- 11 dispensing hearing aids.
- 12 (m) This Act does not prevent persons in an industrial
- 13 setting from engaging in hearing testing as a part of a hearing
- 14 conservation program in compliance with regulations of the
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, provided that such
- 16 persons are certified by an agency acceptable to the Occupational
- 17 Safety and Health Administration.
- 18 (n) This Act does not prevent or restrict speech or hearing
- 19 sensitivity screening evaluations conducted by registered nurses
- 20 licensed by the laws of this state and practicing in accordance
- 21 with the standards of professional conduct and ethics promulgated
- 22 by the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners.
- 23 (o) This Act does not prevent the use of the title
- 24 "Certified Hearing Aid Audiologist" by a person so certified by the
- 25 National Hearing Aid Association if the person is a licensed
- 26 hearing aid dispenser and uses the title solely in connection with

- fitting and dispensing hearing aids and does not represent himself to be a licensed audiologist under this Act.
- 3 (p) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or 4 preventing a licensed psychologist from engaging in the practice of
- 5 psychology within the scope of the activities permitted under that
- 6 license.
- 7 SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. To be
- 8 eligible for licensing as a speech-language pathologist or
- 9 audiologist, an applicant must:
- 10 (1) possess at least a master's degree with a major in
- 11 speech-language pathology or audiology from an accredited or
- 12 approved college or university;
- 13 (2) submit transcripts from one or more colleges or
- 14 universities showing successful completion of course work in
- amounts set by the committee with the approval of the board in the
- 16 following areas:
- 17 (A) information about normal development and use of speech,
- 18 language, and hearing;
- 19 (B) information about evaluation, habilitation, and
- 20 rehabilitation of speech, language, and hearing disorders; and
- 21 (C) information pertaining to related fields that augment
- 22 the work of clinical practitioners of speech-language pathology and
- 23 audiology;
- 24 (3) have successfully completed at least 30 semester hours
- 25 in courses that are acceptable toward a graduate degree by the
- 26 college or university in which they are taken, at least 21 of which

are within the professional area for which the license is requested and at least six of which are in audiology for the applicant for a speech-language pathology license or in speech-language pathology for the applicant for a license in audiology;

- (4) have completed a minimum of 300 clock hours of supervised clinical experience with individuals who present a variety of communication disorders, and this experience must have been obtained within his or her training institution or in one of its cooperating programs and under the supervision of a person holding a valid license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology, provided during the first year of this Act, the supervision may be under a person who would have met the qualifications for a license under this Act; and
 - (5) have obtained the equivalent of nine months of full-time supervised professional experience in which bona fide clinical work has been accomplished in the major professional area for which the license is being sought, under the supervision of a qualified person acceptable to the committee pursuant to guidelines approved by the board which experience must have begun after completion of the academic and clinical experience required by this section.
- SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Each person desiring a license under this Act shall make application to the committee on a form and in the manner the committee prescribes. The application shall be accompanied by the application fee which may not be refunded by the committee.
- SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant shall be

- 1 examined by the committee and shall pay to the committee, at least
- 2 30 days prior to the date of examination, a nonrefundable
- 3 examination fee prescribed by the committee. The examination shall
- 4 be given at least twice each year at a time and place established
- 5 by and under the supervision of the committee.
- 6 (b) The committee may examine by written or oral examination
- 7 or by both. The committee shall maintain a record of all
- 8 examination scores for at least two years after the date of
- 9 examination.
- 10 (c) Standards for acceptable performance shall be determined
- 11 by the committee.
- 12 (d) The committee may examine in whatever theoretical or
- applied fields of speech-language pathology or audiology it deems
- 14 appropriate. It may examine the candidates with regard to their
- 15 professional skills and their judgment in the utilization of
- speech-language pathology or audiology techniques or methods.
- 17 (e) Persons who fail the examination may be examined at a
- 18 subsequent time if they pay another nonrefundable examination fee.
- 19 No applicant who has taken and failed to pass two examinations may
- 20 take the examination until the person has submitted a new
- 21 application together with a nonrefundable application fee and
- 22 presented evidence to the committee of additional study in the area
- 23 for which licensure is sought.
- 24 (f) The committee may waive the examination for applicants
- 25 who:
- 26 . (1) present proof of current licensure in another state,

- 1 including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United
- 2 States which maintains professional standards considered by the
- 3 committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act; or
- 4 (2) hold the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the
- 5 American Speech-Language Hearing Association in the area for which
- 6 a license is being sought.
- 7 SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a) The
- 8 committee on request must waive educational, professional
- 9 experience, and examination requirements for licensure in
- speech-language pathology for applicants who hold a baccalaureate
- or graduate degree, are fully certified by the Central Education
- 12 Agency in speech and hearing therapy or in the judgment of the
- 13 committee have met equivalent requirements, and within two years
- 14 prior to the effective date of this Act were engaged in the
- 15 practice of speech pathology on proof of bona fide practice of
- 16 speech pathology, presented to the committee in the manner
- 17 prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file an
- application for licensure with the committee or the board of health
- 19 before August 31, 1984. Such licenses shall be issued without
- 20 delay and shall be renewed in the same manner as licenses granted
- 21 under other provisions of this Act.
- (b) The committee on request shall waive educational,
- 23 professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure
- 24 in audiology for applicants who on the effective date of this Act
- 25 hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree and have successfully
- 26 completed 21 semester hours of course work in audiology, and are

- engaged in the practice of audiology on proof of bona fide practice
- of audiology presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by
- 3 the committee's rules, provided they file an application for
- 4 licensure with the committee or the department within 90 days from
- 5 the effective date of this Act.
- 6 (c) The committee may waive the examination and grant
- 7 licensure to an applicant who presents proof of current licensure
- 8 in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory
- 9 of the United States which maintains professional standards
- 10 considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in
- 11 this Act.
- 12 (d) The committee may waive the examination and grant
- 13 licensure to an applicant who holds the Certificate of Clinical
- 14 Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association or
- 15 has met equivalent requirements in the area for which a license is
- 16 sought.
- 17 SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. (a) The committee shall
- issue a license to an applicant who meets the requirements of this
- 19 Act and who pays to the committee the initial nonrefundable license
- 20 fee.
- 21 (b) A temporary certificate of registration may be applied
- 22 for by a person who fulfills the requirements of Section 10 of this
- 23 Act and who has not previously applied to take the examination
- 24 provided under Section 12 of this Act.
- 25 (c) On receiving an application provided for under
- 26 Subsection (b) of this section accompanied by the nonrefundable

- application fee, the committee shall issue a temporary certificate
 of registration which entitles the applicant to practice audiology
 or speech-language pathology for a period ending eight weeks after
 the conclusion of the next examination given after the date of
 issue.
 - (d) All licenses expire and become invalid one year from the date of issuance if not renewed.

- SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. (a) Each licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall annually pay the nonrefundable renewal fee for a renewal of his license. A 60-day grace period shall be allowed. After expiration of the grace period, the committee may renew each license after payment of a penalty set by the rules. No person who applies for renewal within two years after the date of expiration of the license may be required to submit to an examination as a condition to renewal.
- (b) Persons who fail to renew their license within two years after the date of its expiration may not renew it, and it may not be restored, reissued, or reinstated thereafter, but those persons may apply for and obtain a new license if they meet the requirements of this Act.
- (c) Within three years of the effective date of this Act, renewal of a license is contingent on the applicant's meeting uniform continuing education requirements established by the committee. These continuing education requirements must be of such a nature that they can be met without necessitating an extended absence from the licensee's county of residence. Notice of

continuing education requirements shall be sent to all persons 1 2 licensed under this Act at least 12 months prior to the time that 3 the person's license renewal is dependent on completion of the requirements. Continuing education requirements shall be sent 4 5 new applicants with the forms on which they are to apply for licensure. Notification or changes in continuing education 7 requirements shall be sent to persons licensed under this Act at least one year prior to the date on which the new requirements 8 become effective. 9

- 10 (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and may be 11 renewed as provided in this Act, but the renewal does not entitle 12 the licensee, while the license remains suspended and until it is 13 reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity or in any other activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which 14 the license was suspended. A license revoked on disciplinary 15 16 grounds is subject to expiration as provided in this Act, but it 17 may not be renewed. If it is reinstated after its expiration, 18 licensee as a condition of reinstatement shall pay a reinstatement 19 fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the last 20 preceding regular renewal date before the date on which it is 21 reinstated, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time 22 of the license revocation.
- 23 SECTION 16. FEES. The amount of fees initially prescribed 24 in connection with a license as a speech-language pathologist or 25 audiologist may not exceed the following:
- (1) application fee: \$75

- 1 (2) examination fee: \$50
- 2 (3) initial license fee: \$75
- 3 (4) license renewal fee: \$75
- 4 (5) delinquency fee: \$50
- 5 (6) temporary license fee: \$25
- 6 (7) duplicate license fee: \$10
- 7 The committee by rule shall establish fees, and such fees shall be
- 8 adjusted so that the total fees collected shall be sufficient to
- 9 meet the expenses of administering this Act and so that unnecessary
- 10 surpluses in the fund provided for in Section 20 of this Act are
- 11 avoided.
- 12 SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. (a) The
- 13 committee may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may
- 14 suspend or revoke the license of any licensee for any of the
- 15 following causes:
- 16 (1) obtaining a license by means of fraud,
- misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts;
- 18 (2) selling, bartering, or offering to sell or barter a
- 19 license or certificate of registration;
- 20 (3) unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely
- 21 to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public as defined
- 22 by the rules established by the committee or violation of the code
- of ethics adopted and published by the committee;
- 24 (4) violating any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted
- 25 by the committee; or
- 26 (5) violating any provisions of this Act.

(b) The committee shall deny an application for or suspend or revoke or impose probationary conditions on a license as ordered by the committee in any decision made after hearing as provided in this Act. One year from the date of revocation of a license under this Act, application may be made to the committee for reinstatement. The committee shall have discretion to accept or reject an application for reinstatement and may require an examination for the reinstatement.

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- (c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere made to a charge of a felony or of an offense involving moral turpitude is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this Act. At the direction of the committee the license may be suspended or revoked or the committee may decline to issue a license when the time for appeal of the conviction has elapsed or the judgment or conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence irrespective of a subsequent order allowing a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the information or indictment.
- SECTION 18. PENALTIES. (a) A person who violates any of the provisions of this Act is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and on conviction may be punished by confinement in the county jail not exceeding six months, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both.
- (b) If a person other than a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist has engaged in any act or practice which

- 1 constitutes an offense under this Act, a district court of any
- 2 county on application of the committee may issue an injunction or
- 3 other appropriate order restraining such conduct.
- 4 SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION
- 5 OF A LICENSE. (a) A person whose application for a license is
- denied is entitled to a hearing before the committee if such person
- 7 submits a written request to the committee.
- 8 (b) Proceedings for revocation or suspension of a license
- 9 shall be commenced by filing charges with the committee in writing
- 10 and under oath. The charges may be made by any person or persons.
- 11 (c) The chairperson of the committee shall fix a time and
- 12 place for a hearing and shall cause a written copy of the charges
- or reason for denial of a license, together with a notice of the
- 14 time and place fixed for the hearing, to be served on the applicant
- 15 requesting the hearing or the licensee against whom the charges
- 16 have been filed at least 20 days prior to the date set for the
- 17 hearing. Service of charges and notice of hearing may be given by
- 18 certified mail to the last known address of the licensee or
- 19 applicant.
- 20 (d) At the hearing the applicant or licensee has the right
- 21 to appear either personally or by counsel or both, to produce
- 22 witnesses, to have subpoenas issued by the committee, and to
- 23 cross-examine opposing or adverse witnesses.
- 24 (e) The committee shall determine the charges on their
- 25 merits and enter an order in a permanent record setting forth the
- 26 findings of fact and law and the action taken. A copy of the order

- of the committee shall be mailed to the applicant or licensee at his or her last known address by certified mail.
- 3 (f) An individual whose application for a license has been 4 refused or whose license has been cancelled, revoked, or suspended 5 by the committee may take an appeal, within 20 days after the order 6 is entered, to any district court of Travis County or to any 7 district court of the county of his or her residence.

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- (g) In all appeals prosecuted in any of the courts of this state pursuant to the provisions of this Act, such trials shall be de novo as that term is used and understood in appeals from justice of the peace courts. Under no circumstances shall the substantial evidence rule as interpreted and applied by the courts in Texas in other cases ever be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under the provisions of this Act.
- (h) All proceedings under this Act shall conform to the requirements of the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13g, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), except as modified by this section.
- section 20. Disposition of Funds Received. (a) All funds received by the committee under this Act shall be deposited in accordance with applicable state law in the State Treasury in a separate fund to be known as the speech-language pathology and audiology fund and be appropriated to the Texas Department of Health solely for administration of this Act.
- 25 (b) After August 31, 1984, all expenses for the 26 administration of the Act shall be paid from fees collected by the

- 1 committee under this Act.
- 2 (c) There is hereby appropriated \$80,000 to the speech-language pathology and audiology fund for the implementation of this Act, said funds coming from the General Revenue Fund for the first year provided that the first \$80,000 of application and license fees shall be returned to the General Revenue Fund as they are received.
- SECTION 21. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. The provisions of Chapter 95, Acts of the 51st Legislature, Regular Session, 1949, as amended (Article 4590c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), do not apply to audiologists or speech-language pathologists duly qualified and licensed under this Act who confine their activity to the areas specified in this Act.
- SECTION 22. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the provisions of this Act shall be without effect after August 31, 16 1993.
- 17 SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective September 1, 1983.
- SECTION 24. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

COMMITTEE REPORT

An actuarial analysis was requested. () yes (🗸 no

The Committee recommends that this measure be placed on the (Local) or (Consent) Calendar.

This measure () proposes new law.

() amends existing law.

House Sponsor of Senate Measure

A fiscal note was requested. () yes () no

The measure was reported from Committee by the following vote:

An author's fiscal statement was requested. () yes () no

	AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Laney, Ch.				
Ceverha, V.C.			V	
Millsap, C.B.O.				
Bomer	V			
Bush				
Davis				
Gilley		V		
Green				
Hill, P.				V
Horn	V			
Keller				
Pennington				
Short	V		•	
Smith, C.			•	
Stiles				

aye
nay
present, not voting
absent

CHAIRMAN MOLES
COMMITTEE COORDINATOR

Committee on State Affairs

S.B. 813 By: Brooks

Bill Analysis

Background

Audiologists and speech pathologists are among the few professional health care providers in Texas whose practices are not regulated by the state. Although there is a national association that issues certificates of clinical competence to individuals who meet the educational and training standards of the organization, there is currently no mechanism where by such practitioners can be examined and licensed by the state to practice their professions. Additionally, there is no statutory procedure for revoking the certification an individual may receive from its national organization if he or she is practicing beyond the scope of his or her training or ability.

Purpose

This bill proposes to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speechlanguage pathology and audiology services to the public.

Section by Section Analysis

- Sec. 1 Cites the purpose of this Act.
- Sec. 2 Definitions.
- Sec. 3 Creates the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Department of Health; defines committee membership; sets forth requirements for committee appointments.
- Sec. 4 Defines procedure for determining terms of office of initial appointees to the board; provides for selection of officer; sets forth that five committee members constitute a quorum; defines meeting requirements; establishes that members receive no compensation for services, but are entitled to a per diem and travel allowance at a rate set by the Legislature.
- Authorizes committee to adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act, including rules establishing standards of ethical practice; directs committee to administer, coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this Act with the department's assistance; directs committee to evaluate applicants' qualfications, provide for examinations, issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and administer oaths under the laws of the state; requires committee to conduct hearings and keep records and minutes necessary for the Act's administration and in accordance with the Administrative Procedures and Texas Register Act; directs committee with the department's aid to investigate persons in violation of this Act; prescribes that a person holding a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology is governed and controlled by rules adopted by the committee and approved by the board of health; sets forth that conferral or enumeration of specific powers elsewhere in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the general powers conferred by this section; prescribes that the committee be represented by the Attorney General and the district and county attorney's of this state; enables the committee to appoint subcommittees.
- Sec. 6 Directs the department to provide necessary staff.
- Sec. 7 Directs committee to adopt a seal and sets forth that specific committee records and proceedings are prima facie evidence in all courts of state.
- Sec. 8 Provides for licenses for pathologists and audiologists to be granted independently; permits licensure in both professions; prohibits practice of or representation as pathologist or audiologist after August 31, 1984, unless licensed according to provisions of Act; sets forth that violation of this subsection constitutes a deceptive trade practice.

- Establishes that this Act does not restrict the practice of other state-Sec. 9 licensed professionals, the activities or services of certified speech and hearing therapists under the conditions specified, the activities and services of students or interns of speech-language pathology or audiology under the conditions, the use of an official title by a person teaching subject areas but not engaging in practice of pathology or audiology; sets forth that this Act does not authorize any violation of the Medical Practice Act; establishes that the Act does not authorize a person to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal or ear disorders; sets forth that the Act shall not be construed to restrict physicians or surgeons from practicing medicine or from testing or evaluating speech or hearing; sets forth that the Act does not apply to employees of the Department of Health while performing job duties; provides that the Act shall not affect persons trained by the department for screening of hearing sensitivity; establishes that the Act does not provide licensure to sell hearing aids; sets forth that the Act does not restrict persons appropriately licensed to fit and dispense hearing aids nor does it restrict hearing testing programs in industrial settings which comply with regulations of Occupational Safety and Health Administration; provides that the Act shall not restrict speech and hearing screening evaluations by licensed registered nurses practicing in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners; establishes that this Act does not prevent use of the title "certified hearing aid audiologist" by persons with specified qualifications; sets forth that nothing in the Act shall be construed as restricting or preventing a licensed psychologist from engaging in the practice of psychology within the scope of the activities permitted under that license.
- Sec. 10 Prescribes eligibility requirements for licensure as a speech-language pathologist or as an audiologist.
- Sec. 11 Specifies that application for a license be made in manner prescribed by committee and be accompanied by a non-refundable fee.
- Sec. 12 Establishes procedure for examination of applicants for licensure; requires committee to maintain records of examination scores for minimum of two years after exam; directs committee to determine performance standards; prohibits an applicant who fails two examinations from re-taking exam until proof of additional study is provided to committee; permits committee to waive examination of applicants as prescribed.
- Sec. 13 Prescribes conditions under which the committee must/may waive educational, professional experience, or examination requirements for licensure.
- Sec. 14 Directs committee to issue licenses to applicants who meet requirements of Act and who have paid the initial nonrefundable licensing fee; allows application for and issuance of temporary certificate of registration; specifies extent of practice that is authorized by temporary certificate; sets forth that all licenses expire and become invalid one year from date issued if not renewed.
- Sec. 15 Establishes procedures and requirements for license renewal.
- Sec. 16 Sets forth maximum initial license fees and directs the committee to adjust fees in order to meet expenses of administering this Act and to avoid unnecessary surpluses in funds provided for in Section 20 of this Act.
- Sec. 17 Sets forth grounds for which the committee is authorized to revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue a license; provides procedure for denial of application and for application for reinstatement by committee; specifies that a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a nolo contendere plea of a felony or specified offense is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this Act.
- Sec. 18 Sets forth that violation of any provision of Act is a Class B misdemeanor and sets penalty; allows for district court of any county upon application of the committee to issue injunction or restraining order if unlicensed person is committing an offense under this Act.

- Sec. 19 Entitles to a hearing before the committee a person whose application is denied; establishes proceedings required for revocation or suspension of license; sets forth required procedure for committee hearing on denial of application; specifies rights of applicant of licensee at hearing; directs committee to make determination and enter order in permanent record of its findings; directs committee to send a copy of the order by certified mail to the applicant or licensee; provides for appeal of revoked, suspended, cancelled licenses; establishes that such trials of appeals shall be de novo and under no circumstances shall the substantial evidence rule be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under provisions of Act; requires proceedings to conform to the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act.
- Sec. 20 Requires all funds received under Act to be deposited in separate fund in state treasury; establishes that after August 31, 1984, payment of administrative expenses shall be from fees collected by the committee; provides for appropriation of \$80,000.00 from general revenue fund for the first year of Act, calls for reimbursement to the general revenue fund.
- Sec. 21 Establishes that Article 4590C, V.T.C.S., does not apply to audiologists and speech-language pathologists licensed and acting in accordance with this Act.
- Sec. 22 Sets forth that unless reenacted expiration date of Act shall be August 31, 1993.
- Sec. 23 This Act takes effect September 1, 1983.
- Sec. 24 Emergency clause.

Rulemaking Authority

Section 5 (a) grants the State Committee of Examiners for speech-language pathology and audiology the authority subject to the approval of the Texas Board of Health to adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act.

Section 16 grants the State Committee of Examiners for speech-language pathology and audiology the authority to establish fees so that the total fees collected shall be sufficient to meet the expenses of administering this Act.

Summary of Committee Action

Public notice was posted in accordance with the Rules of Procedure of the House of Representatives on H.B. 1609 (companion to S.B. 813) and a public hearing was held on May 9, 1983.

On May 11, 1983 the full committee substituted S.B. 813 for H.B. 1609 and voted to report S.B. 813 to the House without amendments and the recommendation that it do pass by a record vote of 8 ayes and 1 nay.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

May 13, 1983

Honorable James E. (Pete) Laney, Chair Committee on State Affairs House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Bill No. 813, as engrossed

By: Brooks

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Bill No. 813, as engrossed (relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists) this office has determined the following:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill would create the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health. Maximum fees for licensure and other services are set out in the bill, and would be deposited in a special fund in the treasury. All expenses for administration of the bill would be paid out of the special fund, except that for the first year \$80,000 would be appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to be repaid as funds are received. Approximately 2,000 persons are expected to seek licensure under the provisions of the bill.

The probable fiscal implication of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Probable Cost Out of the General Revenue Fund	Probable Revenue Gain to the General Revenue Fund	Probable Cost Out of the Speech- Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Probable Revenue Gain to the Speech- Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 1983
1984	\$80,000	\$80,000	-0-	-0-	+ 2
1985	-Ó-	-Ó-	\$61,057	\$61,057	+ 2
1986	-0-	-0-	61,057	61,057	+ 2
1987	-0-	-0-	61,057	61,057	+ 2
1988	-0-	-0-	61,057	61.057	+ 2

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Dim Oliver Director

Source: Department of Health;

LBB Staff: JO, JH, KH, GR, DM

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 23, 1983

Honorable Chet Brooks, Chairman Committee on Health and Human Resources Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Bill No. 813

By: Brooks

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Bill No. 813 (relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists) this office has determined the following:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill would create the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health. Maximum fees for licensure and other services are set out in the bill, and would be deposited in a special fund in the treasury. All expenses for adiministration of the bill would be paid out of the special fund, except that for the first year funds could be appropriated from the General Revenue Fund. Approximately 2,000 persons are expected to seek licensure under the provisions of the bill.

The probable fiscal implication of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Probable Cost Out of the General Revenue Fund	Probable Cost out of the Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Change in Number of State employees from FY 1983
1984	\$ 67,916	\$ -0-	+ 2
1985	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1986	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1987	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1988	-0-	61,057	+ 2

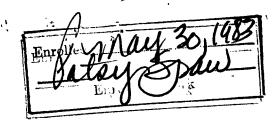
Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

√im Oliver Director

Source: Department of Health: LBB Staff: JO, JH, GR, eb





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S.B. No. 813

1 AN ACT

relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language
pathologists and audiologists; providing for hearings and judicial
review; making an appropriation; providing enforcement procedures
and penalties; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE. It is the policy of this state that in order to safeguard the public health, safety, and welfare and to protect the public from unprofessional conduct by speech-language pathologists and audiologists it is necessary to provide regulatory authority over persons offering speech-language pathology and audiology services to the public.

- SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:
- 14 (1) "Board" means the Texas Board of Health.
- 15 (2) "Committee" means the State Committee of Examiners for 16 Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology.
 - (3) "Department" means the Texas Department of Health.
- (4) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership,or other legal entity.
- 20 (5) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who
 21 practices speech-language pathology, who makes a nonmedical
 22 evaluation, who examines, counsels, or provides habilitative or
 23 rehabilitative services for persons who have or are suspected of
 24 having speech, voice, or language disorders, and who meets the
 25 qualifications set forth in this Act.

- 1 (6) "The practice of speech-language pathology" means application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for 2 3 the measurement, testing, evaluation, prediction, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to 5 development and disorders of speech, voice, or language for 6 rendering or offering to render an evaluation, 7 prevention, or modification of these disorders and conditions 8 individuals or groups of individuals. Speech-language pathologists may perform the basic audiometric screening tests and hearing 9 10 therapy procedures consistent with their training.
- 11 (7) "Audiologist" means a person who practices audiology,
 12 who makes a nonmedical evaluation, who examines, counsels, or
 13 provides habilitative or rehabilitative services for persons who
 14 have or are suspected of having a hearing disorder, and who meets
 15 the qualifications set forth in this Act.

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(8) "The practice of audiology" means the application of nonmedical principles, methods, and procedures for the measurement, testing, appraisal, prediction, consultation, counseling, habilitation, rehabilitation, or instruction related to hearing and disorders of hearing and for the purpose of rendering or offering to render services modifying communicative disorders involving speech, language, auditory function, or other aberrant behavior relating to hearing loss. An audiologist may engage in any tasks, procedures, acts, or practices that are necessary (A) for the evaluation of hearing; (B) for training in the use of amplification including hearing aids; or (C) for the making of earmolds for

1 hearing aids. An audiologist may participate in consultation regarding noise control and hearing conservation, 2 may provide evaluations of environment or equipment including calibration of 3 4 equipment in testing auditory functioning and hearing used 5 and may perform the basic speech and language conservation, screening tests and procedures consistent with his or her training. 6

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- (9) "Speech-language pathology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for speech-language pathology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed speech-language pathologist. The qualifications for licensure as a speech-language pathology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as a speech-language pathologist.
- (10) "Audiology aide" means a person who meets minimum qualifications which the committee may establish for audiology aides and who works under the direction of a licensed audiologist. The qualifications for licensure as an audiology aide shall be uniform and shall be less than those established by this Act as necessary for licensure as an audiologist.
- 20 SECTION 3. COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP. (a) The State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology is created within 21 the Texas Department of Health. The committee consists of nine 22 members appointed by the governor to take office on the effective 23 24 date of this Act. Members of the committee must have been residents of the State of Texas for two years immediately preceding 25 appointment and must be representative of varying geographic 26

- 1 regions of the state and from varying employment settings. Six 2 members must have been engaged in rendering services, teaching, or 3 research in speech-language pathology or audiology for at least and must meet the qualifications for licensure under five years 5 this Act. Of these six members, three members shall be audiologists, three members shall be speech-language pathologists. 6 7 Except for the initial appointees, all six shall hold valid licenses under this Act. Three members shall be selected from the 8 general public. One of the three public members of the committee 9 10 must be a physician licensed to practice in the State of Texas and board certified in otolaryngology or pediatrics. The two remaining 11 12 public members may not:
- (1) be licensed by an occupational regulatory agency in the field of health care;
- 15 (2) be employed by and participating in the management of an 16 agency or business entity that provides health-care services or 17 that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care supplies or 18 equipment;
- 19 (3) own, control, or have a direct or indirect interest in 20 more than 10 percent of a business entity that provides health-care 21 services or that sells, manufactures, or distributes health-care 22 supplies or equipment; or
- (4) be an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a trade association in the field of health care. A member of the committee may not be related within the second degree of affinity or consanguinity to a person who is an officer, employee, or a paid

- 1 consultant of a trade association in the health-care field.
- 2 (b) An appointment to the committee shall be made without 3 regard to the race, creed, sex, religion, or national origin of the 4 appointee.
- (c) A person who is required to register as a lobbyist under Chapter 422, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, as amended (Article 6252-9c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), in a health-related area may not serve as a member of the board or act as the general counsel to the board.
- 10 SECTION 4. TERMS; OFFICERS; QUORUM; EXPENSES. (a) The term of initial appointees to the board shall be determined by lot 11 12 follows: three members are appointed for terms which expire August 13 31, 1985; three members are appointed for terms which expire August 1987; and three members are appointed for terms which expire 14 31, 15 August 31, 1989. After the initial appointments, members are 16 appointed for staggered terms of six years, with three terms 17 beginning September 1 of each odd-numbered year. Members of the committee shall serve until the expiration of the term to which 18 19 they have been appointed or until their successors have qualified. A person may not be appointed to serve more than two consecutive 20 terms. 21
- (b) The committee shall be organized annually and select a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and a secretary-treasurer. The initial chairperson shall be a person who meets the qualifications for licensing under this Act. After September 1, 1984, the chairperson shall hold a valid license under this Act.

- 1 (c) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum to do business.
- (d) The committee shall hold at least two regular meetings each year at which time an examination as defined in Section 12 of this Act shall be offered. Additional meetings may be held on the call of the chairperson or at the written request of any three members of the committee. At least 14 days' advance notice of the committee meeting is required.

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- (e) Committee members receive no compensation for their services; however, each member of the committee is entitled to a per diem and travel allowance at the rate set by the legislature for state employees in the General Appropriations Act for each day that the member engages in the business of the committee.
- SECTION 5. DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE. (a) Subject to the approval of the board, the committee shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this Act, including rules that establish standards of ethical practice.
- (b) With the assistance of the department, the committee shall administer, coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this Act; evaluate the qualifications of applicants; provide for the examination of applicants; and issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and administer oaths under the laws of the State of Texas.
- (c) With the assistance of the department and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), the committee shall conduct hearings and keep records and minutes

- 1 necessary to the orderly administration of this Act.
- 2 (d) The committee with the aid of the department shall 3 investigate persons engaging in practices that violate the 4 provisions of this Act.
- (e) A person who holds a license to practice speech-language pathology or audiology in this state is governed and controlled by the rules adopted by the committee and approved by the board of health.
- 9 (f) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers 10 elsewhere in this Act shall not be construed as a limitation of the 11 general powers conferred by this section.
- (g) The committee shall be represented by the attorney
 general and the district and county attorneys of this state.
- (h) The committee may appoint subcommittees to work under its jurisdiction, subject to the approval of the board.
- SECTION 6. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMITTEE. The Texas Department of Health shall provide such administrative and clerical employees as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- 19 SECTION 7. SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF RECORDS. 20 committee shall adopt a seal by which it shall authenticate its 21 proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of 22 committee and certificates purporting to relate the facts 23 concerning the proceedings, records, and acts, signed by the secretary-treasurer and authenticated by the seal, are prima facie 24 25 evidence in all courts of this state.
- 26 SECTION 8. LICENSING AND REGULATION OF SPEECH-LANGUAGE

- 1 PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDIOLOGISTS. (a) Licenses shall be granted
- 2 either in speech-language pathology or audiology independently.
- 3 Persons may be licensed in both areas if they meet the
- 4 qualifications.
- 5 (b) A person may not practice or represent himself or
- 6 herself as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in this
- 7 state after August 31, 1984, unless he or she is licensed in
- 8 accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 9 (c) Any violation of this subsection shall constitute a
- 10 deceptive trade practice.
- 11 SECTION 9. PERSONS AND PRACTICES NOT AFFECTED. (a) This
- 12 Act does not prevent qualified persons licensed in this state under
- 13 another law from engaging in the profession for which they are
- 14 licensed.
- 15 (b) This Act does not prevent or restrict the activities and
- 16 services and the use of an official title by persons holding a
- 17 valid and current certification in speech and hearing therapy from
- 18 the Central Education Agency if those persons perform
- 19 speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of
- 20 their duties within an agency, institution, or organization under
- 21 the jurisdiction of the Central Education Agency. If persons
- 22 affected by this subsection perform work as a speech-language
- 23 pathologist or audiologist apart from their positions within an
- 24 agency, institution, or organization of the Central Education
- 25 Agency, they must have a license issued by the committee, except
- 26 that a person affected by this subsection may perform speech and

1 hearing screening procedures without compensation without having a 2 license issued by the committee.

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- (c) This Act does not restrict the activities and services of students or interns pursuing a course of study leading to a 4 degree in speech-language pathology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Speech-Language Pathology Intern" or "Speech-Language Pathology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
 - (d) This Act does not restrict activities and services of students or interns in audiology pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in audiology at a college or university accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Universities or its equivalent, provided that these activities and services constitute a part of their supervised course of study or internship year; that after September 1, 1984, they are supervised by a person licensed under this Act; and that they are designated by a title such as "Audiology Intern" or "Audiology Trainee" or other title clearly indicating the training status appropriate to their level of training.
- 25 (e) This Act does not restrict the performance 26 speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a

- l person not a resident of this state who is not licensed under this
- 2 Act, if the services are performed for no more than five days in a
- 3 calendar year and if the person meets the qualifications and
- 4 requirements for application for licensure under this Act.
- (f) This Act does not restrict the use of an official title
- 6 by an individual teaching in a university or college training
- 7 program, provided that the person is not engaged in the practice of
- 8 speech-language pathology or audiology and does not supervise
- 9 persons engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology or
- 10 audiology.
- 11 (g) This Act does not permit a person to perform an act that
- would be in violation of the Medical Practice Act (Article 4495b,
- Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). This Act does not permit a person
- 14 to provide medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of laryngeal
- 15 or ear disorders.
- 16 (h) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or
- preventing a physician or surgeon from engaging in the practice of
- 18 medicine in this state. This Act does not restrict speech or
- 19 hearing testing or evaluation conducted by a licensed physician o
- 20 surgeon.
- 21 (i) This Act does not apply to persons employed by the Texas
- 22 Department of Health in its programs concerned with hearing or
- 23 speech services as long as they are performing duties under the
- jurisdiction of the Texas Department of Health.
- 25 (j) This Act does not apply to a person who shows evidence
- of having received training by the Texas Department of Health in

- one of the hearing screening training programs approved by that
- 2 agency, provided that all activities performed under this exception
- 3 shall be limited to screening of hearing sensitivity.
- 4 (k) This Act does not license a person to sell hearing aids
- 5 as defined in Chapter 366, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular
- 6 Session, 1969, as amended (Article 4566-1.01 et seq., Vernon's
- 7 Texas Civil Statutes).
- 8 (1) This Act does not prevent or restrict a person licensed
- 9 by the Texas Board of Examiners in the Fitting and Dispensing of
- 10 Hearing Aids from engaging in the practice of fitting and
- 11 dispensing hearing aids.
- 12 (m) This Act does not prevent persons in an industrial
- 13 setting from engaging in hearing testing as a part of a hearing
- 14 conservation program in compliance with regulations of the
- 15 Occupational Safety and Health Administration, provided that such
- 16 persons are certified by an agency acceptable to the Occupational
- 17 Safety and Health Administration.
- 18 (n) This Act does not prevent or restrict speech or hearing
- 19 sensitivity screening evaluations conducted by registered nurses
- 20 licensed by the laws of this state and practicing in accordance
- 21 with the standards of professional conduct and ethics promulgated
- 22 by the rules and regulations of the Board of Nurse Examiners.
- 23 (o) This Act does not prevent the use of the title
- "Certified Hearing Aid Audiologist" by a person so certified by the
- 25 National Hearing Aid Association if the person is a licensed
- 26 hearing aid dispenser and uses the title solely in connection with

- 1 fitting and dispensing hearing aids and does not represent himself
- 2 to be a licensed audiologist under this Act.
- 3 (p) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as restricting or
- 4 preventing a licensed psychologist from engaging in the practice of
- 5 psychology within the scope of the activities permitted under that
- 6 license.
- 7 SECTION 10. QUALIFICATION OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE. To be
- 8 eligible for licensing as a speech-language pathologist or
- 9 audiologist, an applicant must:
- 10 (1) possess at least a master's degree with a major in
- 11 speech-language pathology or audiology from an accredited or
- 12 approved college or university;
- (2) submit transcripts from one or more colleges or
- 14 universities showing successful completion of course work in
- amounts set by the committee with the approval of the board in the
- 16 following areas:
- 17 (A) information about normal development and use of speech,
- 18 language, and hearing;
- 19 (B) information about evaluation, habilitation, and
- 20 rehabilitation of speech, language, and hearing disorders; and
- 21 (C) information pertaining to related fields that augment
- 22 the work of clinical practitioners of speech-language pathology and
- 23 audiology;
- 24 (3) have successfully completed at least 30 semester hours
- 25 in courses that are acceptable toward a graduate degree by the
- college or university in which they are taken, at least 21 of which

- are within the professional area for which the license is requested
- 2 and at least six of which are in audiology for the applicant for a
- 3 speech-language pathology license or in speech-language pathology
- 4 for the applicant for a license in audiology;
- 5 (4) have completed a minimum of 300 clock hours of
- 6 supervised clinical experience with individuals who present a
- 7 variety of communication disorders, and this experience must have
- 8 been obtained within his or her training institution or in one of
- 9 its cooperating programs and under the supervision of a person
- 10 holding a valid license to practice speech-language pathology or
- 11 audiology, provided during the first year of this Act, the
- 12 supervision may be under a person who would have met the
- qualifications for a license under this Act; and
- 14 (5) have obtained the equivalent of nine months of full-time
- 15 supervised professional experience in which bona fide clinical work
- has been accomplished in the major professional area for which the
- 17 license is being sought, under the supervision of a qualified
- 18 person acceptable to the committee pursuant to guidelines approved
- 19 by the board which experience must have begun after completion of
- 20 the academic and clinical experience required by this section.
- 21 SECTION 11. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE. Each person desiring a
- 22 license under this Act shall make application to the committee on a
- form and in the manner the committee prescribes. The application
- 24 shall be accompanied by the application fee which may not be
- 25 refunded by the committee.
- 26 SECTION 12. EXAMINATION. (a) Each applicant shall be

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- 1 examined by the committee and shall pay to the committee, at least
- 2 30 days prior to the date of examination, a nonrefundable `
- 3 examination fee prescribed by the committee. The examination shall
- 4 be given at least twice each year at a time and place established
- 5 by and under the supervision of the committee.
- 6 (b) The committee may examine by written or oral examination
- 7 or by both. The committee shall maintain a record of all
- 8 examination scores for at least two years after the date of
- 9 examination.
- 10 (c) Standards for acceptable performance shall be determined
- 11 by the committee.
- 12 (d) The committee may examine in whatever theoretical or
- applied fields of speech-language pathology or audiology it deems
- 14 appropriate. It may examine the candidates with regard to their
- 15 professional skills and their judgment in the utilization of
- speech-language pathology or audiology techniques or methods.
- (e) Persons who fail the examination may be examined at a
- subsequent time if they pay another nonrefundable examination fee.
- No applicant who has taken and failed to pass two examinations may
- 20 take the examination until the person has submitted a new
- 21 application together with a nonrefundable application fee and
- 22 presented evidence to the committee of additional study in the area
- 23 for which licensure is sought.
- 24 (f) The committee may waive the examination for applicants
- 25 who:
- 26 (1) present proof of current licensure in another state,

- 1 including the District of Columbia, or territory of the United
- States which maintains professional standards considered by the 2
- 3 committee to be equivalent to those set forth in this Act; or
- (2) hold the Certificate of Clinical Competence of the
- 5 American Speech-Language Hearing Association in the area for which
- 6 a license is being sought.
- 7 SECTION 13. LICENSING UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a)
- committee on request 8 must waive educational, professional
- 9 experience, and examination requirements for licensure
- 10 speech-language pathology for applicants who hold a baccalaureate
- or graduate degree, are fully certified by the Central Education 11
- Agency in speech and hearing therapy or in the judgment of the 12
- committee have met equivalent requirements, and within two years 13
- prior to the effective date of this Act were engaged in the 14
- practice of speech pathology on proof of bona fide practice of 15
- 16 speech pathology, presented to the committee in the
- 17 prescribed by the committee's rules, provided they file
- application for licensure with the committee or the board of health
- 19 before August 31, 1984. Such licenses shall be issued without
- delay and shall be renewed in the same manner as licenses granted 20
- under other provisions of this Act. 21

18

- 22 (b) The committee on request shall waive educational,
- 23 professional experience, and examination requirements for licensure
- in audiology for applicants who on the effective date of this Act 24
- 25 hold a baccalaureate or graduate degree and have successfully
- completed 21 semester hours of course work in audiology, and are 26

- 1 engaged in the practice of audiology on proof of bona fide practice
- 2 of audiology presented to the committee in the manner prescribed by
- 3 the committee's rules, provided they file an application for
- 4 licensure with the committee or the department within 90 days from
- 5 the effective date of this Act.
- 6 (c) The committee may waive the examination and grant
- 7 licensure to an applicant who presents proof of current licensure
- 8 in another state, including the District of Columbia, or territory
- 9 of the United States which maintains professional standards
- 10 considered by the committee to be equivalent to those set forth in
- 11 this Act.
- 12 (d) The committee may waive the examination and grant
- 13 licensure to an applicant who holds the Certificate of Clinical
- 14 Competence of the American Speech-Language Hearing Association or
- has met equivalent requirements in the area for which a license is
- 16 sought.
- 17 SECTION 14. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE. (a) The committee shall
- 18 issue a license to an applicant who meets the requirements of this
- 19 Act and who pays to the committee the initial nonrefundable license
- 20 fee.
- 21 (b) A temporary certificate of registration may be applied
- 22 for by a person who fulfills the requirements of Section 10 of this
- Act and who has not previously applied to take the examination
- 24 provided under Section 12 of this Act.
- 25 (c) On receiving an application provided for under
- 26 Subsection (b) of this section accompanied by the nonrefundable

- 1 application fee, the committee shall issue a temporary certificate
- 2 of registration which entitles the applicant to practice audiology
- 3 or speech-language pathology for a period ending eight weeks after
- 4 the conclusion of the next examination given after the date of
- 5 issue.
- 6 (d) All licenses expire and become invalid one year from the
- 7 date of issuance if not renewed.
- 8 SECTION 15. RENEWAL OF LICENSE. (a) Each licensed
- 9 speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall annually pay the
- 10 nonrefundable renewal fee for a renewal of his license. A 60-day
- 11 grace period shall be allowed. After expiration of the grace
- 12 period, the committee may renew each license after payment of a
- penalty set by the rules. No person who applies for renewal within
- 14 two years after the date of expiration of the license may be
- required to submit to an examination as a condition to renewal.
- 16 (b) Persons who fail to renew their license within two years
- 17 after the date of its expiration may not renew it, and it may not
- 18 be restored, reissued, or reinstated thereafter, but those persons
- 19 may apply for and obtain a new license if they meet the
- 20 requirements of this Act.
- 21 (c) Within three years of the effective date of this Act,
- 22 renewal of a license is contingent on the applicant's meeting
- 23 uniform continuing education requirements established by the
- 24 committee. These continuing education requirements must be of such
- 25 a nature that they can be met without necessitating an extended
- 26 absence from the licensee's county of residence. Notice of

- 1 continuing education requirements shall be sent to all persons licensed under this Act at least 12 months prior to the time that 2 3 the person's license renewal is dependent on completion of the requirements. Continuing education requirements shall be sent 5 new applicants with the forms on which they are to apply for 6 licensure. Notification or changes in continuing 7 requirements shall be sent to persons licensed under this Act at least one year prior to the date on which the new requirements 8 become effective. 9
- 10 (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and may be 11 renewed as provided in this Act, but the renewal does not entitle licensee, while the license remains suspended and until it is 12 13 reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity or in any other 14 activity or conduct in violation of the order or judgment by which 15 the license was suspended. A license revoked on disciplinary 16 grounds is subject to expiration as provided in this Act, but it 17 may not be renewed. If it is reinstated after its expiration, the licensee as a condition of reinstatement shall pay a reinstatement 18 19 fee in an amount equal to the renewal fee in effect on the last preceding regular renewal date before the date on which it is 20 reinstated, plus the delinquency fee, if any, accrued at the time 21 22 of the license revocation.
- SECTION 16. FEES. The amount of fees initially prescribed in connection with a license as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist may not exceed the following:
- 26 (1) application fee: \$75

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- 1 (2) examination fee: \$50
- 2 initial license fee: (3) \$75
- 3 (4) license renewal fee: \$75
- 4 (5) delinquency fee: \$50
- 5 (6) temporary license fee: \$25
- 6 (7) duplicate license fee: \$10
- The committee by rule shall establish fees, and such fees shall be 8 adjusted so that the total fees collected shall be sufficient to
- 9 meet the expenses of administering this Act and so that unnecessary
- 10 surpluses in the fund provided for in Section 20 of this Act are
- 11 avoided.
- SECTION 17. DENIAL, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION. 12
- committee may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may 13
- suspend or revoke the license of any licensee for any of 14
- 15 following causes:
- 16 (1) obtaining license а by means of fraud,
- 17 misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts;
- 18 selling, bartering, or offering to sell or barter
- license or certificate of registration; 19
- (3) unprofessional conduct that has endangered or is likely 20
- to endanger the health, welfare, or safety of the public as defined 21
- by the rules established by the committee or violation of the code 22
- 23 of ethics adopted and published by the committee;
- 24 (4) violating any lawful order or rule rendered or adopted
- by the committee; or 25
- 26 (5) violating any provisions of this Act.

- 1 The committee shall deny an application for or suspend or revoke or impose probationary conditions on a license as ordered 2 3 by the committee in any decision made after hearing as provided in this Act. One year from the date of revocation of a license under 5 Act, application be made to the committee may 6 reinstatement. The committee shall have discretion to accept or 7 an application for reinstatement and may require an 8 examination for the reinstatement.
- (c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following 9 of nolo contendere made to a charge of a felony or of an 10 11 offense involving moral turpitude is deemed to be a conviction 12 within the meaning of this Act. At the direction of the committee 13 the license may be suspended or revoked or the committee may 14 decline to issue a license when the time for appeal of the 15 conviction has elapsed or the judgment or conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made 16 suspending the imposition of sentence irrespective of a subsequent 17 order allowing a person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty, or 18 setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the information 19 20 or indictment.
- SECTION 18. PENALTIES. (a) A person who violates any of the provisions of this Act is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and on conviction may be punished by confinement in the county jail not exceeding six months, by a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or by both.
- 25 (b) If a person other than a licensed speech-language 26 pathologist or audiologist has engaged in any act or practice which

- 1 constitutes an offense under this Act, a district court of any
- 2 county on application of the committee may issue an injunction or
- 3 other appropriate order restraining such conduct.
- 4 SECTION 19. PROCEDURES FOR DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION
- 5 OF A LICENSE. (a) A person whose application for a license is
- 6 denied is entitled to a hearing before the committee if such person
- 7 submits a written request to the committee.
- 8 (b) Proceedings for revocation or suspension of a license 9 shall be commenced by filing charges with the committee in writing
- 10 and under oath. The charges may be made by any person or persons.
- 11 (c) The chairperson of the committee shall fix a time and
- 12 place for a hearing and shall cause a written copy of the charges
- or reason for denial of a license, together with a notice of the
- 14 time and place fixed for the hearing, to be served on the applicant
- 15 requesting the hearing or the licensee against whom the charges
- 16 have been filed at least 20 days prior to the date set for the
- 17 hearing. Service of charges and notice of hearing may be given by
- 18 certified mail to the last known address of the licensee or
- 19 applicant.
- 20 (d) At the hearing the applicant or licensee has the right
- 21 to appear either personally or by counsel or both, to produce
- 22 witnesses, to have subpoenas issued by the committee, and to
- cross-examine opposing or adverse witnesses.
- (e) The committee shall determine the charges on their
- 25 merits and enter an order in a permanent record setting forth the
- 26 findings of fact and law and the action taken. A copy of the order

- of the committee shall be mailed to the applicant or licensee at his or her last known address by certified mail.
- (f) An individual whose application for a license has been refused or whose license has been cancelled, revoked, or suspended by the committee may take an appeal, within 20 days after the order is entered, to any district court of Travis County or to any
- 7 district court of the county of his or her residence.
- g) In all appeals prosecuted in any of the courts of this state pursuant to the provisions of this Act, such trials shall be de novo as that term is used and understood in appeals from justice of the peace courts. Under no circumstances shall the substantial evidence rule as interpreted and applied by the courts in Texas in other cases ever be used or applied to appeals prosecuted under the provisions of this Act.
- (h) All proceedings under this Act shall conform to the requirements of the Administrative Procedure and Texas Register Act, as amended (Article 6252-13g, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), except as modified by this section.
- section 20. Disposition of Funds Received. (a) All funds received by the committee under this Act shall be deposited in accordance with applicable state law in the State Treasury in a separate fund to be known as the speech-language pathology and audiology fund and be appropriated to the Texas Department of Health solely for administration of this Act.
- 25 (b) After August 31, 1984, all expenses for the 26 administration of the Act shall be paid from fees collected by the

- 1 committee under this Act.
- (c) There is hereby appropriated \$80,000 to the speech-language pathology and audiology fund for the implementation of this Act, said funds coming from the General Revenue Fund for the first year provided that the first \$80,000 of application and
- 6 license fees shall be returned to the General Revenue Fund as they
- 7 are received.
- 8 SECTION 21. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE BASIC SCIENCE LAW. The
- 9 provisions of Chapter 95, Acts of the 51st Legislature, Regular
- 10 Session, 1949, as amended (Article 4590c, Vernon's Texas Civil
- 11 Statutes), do not apply to audiologists or speech-language
- 12 pathologists duly qualified and licensed under this Act who confine
- 13 their activity to the areas specified in this Act.
- 14 SECTION 22. SUNSET PROVISION. Unless reenacted, the
- provisions of this Act shall be without effect after August 31,
- 16 1993.
- 17 SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective September
- 18 1, 1983.
- 19 SECTION 24. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation
- 20 and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an
- 21 emergency and an imperative public necessity that the
- 22 constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several
- days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I hereby certify that S	.B. No. 813 passed the Senate on
May 9, 1983, by a viva-voce vote;	passed subject to the provisions
of Article III, Section 49a of th	e Constitution of Texas.
	Secretary of the Senate
I hereby certify that S	.B. No. 813 passed the House on
	vote; passed subject to the
	tion 49a of the Constitution of
Texas.	cion 43a or the constitution of
rexas.	
	•
•	Chief Clerk of the House
Approved:	
Date	
	<pre>I, Bob Bullock, Comptroller of Public Accounts, do hereby</pre>
Governor	certify that the amount appropriated in the herein
	S.B. No. 813, Regular Session, 68th Legislature, is within the
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	amount estimated to be available in the affected fund.
	Certified, 1983.
	• .
	Comptroller of Public Accounts

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 23, 1983

Honorable Chet Brooks, Chairman Committee on Health and Human Resources Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Bill No. 813

By: Brooks

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Bill No. 813 (relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists) this office has determined the following:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill would create the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health. Maximum fees for licensure and other services are set out in the bill, and would be deposited in a special fund in the treasury. All expenses for adiministration of the bill would be paid out of the special fund, except that for the first year funds could be appropriated from the General Revenue Fund. Approximately 2,000 persons are expected to seek licensure under the provisions of the bill.

The probable fiscal implication of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Probable Cost Out of the General Revenue Fund	Probable Cost out of the Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Change in Number of State employees from FY 1983
1984	\$ 67,916	\$ -0-	+ 2
1985	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1986	-0-	61,057	+ 2
19 87	-0-	61,057	+ 2
1988	-0-	. 61,057	+ 2

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

√im Oliver Director

Source: Department of Health: LBB Staff: JO, JH, GR, eb

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

May 13, 1983

Honorable James E. (Pete) Laney, Chair Committee on State Affairs House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re:

Senate Bill No. 813, as engrossed

By: Brooks

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Bill No. 813, as engrossed (relating to the licensing and regulation of speech-language pathologists and audiologists) this office has determined the following:

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill would create the State Committee of Examiners for Speech Pathology and Audiology within the Texas Department of Health. Maximum fees for licensure and other services are set out in the bill, and would be deposited in a special fund in the treasury. All expenses for administration of the bill would be paid out of the special fund, except that for the first year \$80,000 would be appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to be repaid as funds are received. Approximately 2,000 persons are expected to seek licensure under the provisions of the bill.

The probable fiscal implication of implementing the provisions of the bill during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Probable Cost Out of the General Revenue Fund	Probable Revenue Gain to the General Revenue Fund	Probable Cost Out of the Speech- Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Probable Revenue Gain to the Speech- Language Pathology and Audiology Fund	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 1983
1984	\$80,000	\$80,000	-0-	-0-	. + 2
1985	-0-	-0-	\$61,057	\$61,057	+ 2
1986	-0-	-0-	61,057	61,057	+ 2
1 987	-0-	- 0-	61,057	61,057	+ 2
1988	-0-	-0-	61,057	61,057	+ 2

Similar annual fiscal implications would continue as long as the provisions of the bill are in effect.

Dim Oliver Director

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source: Department of Health;

LBB Staff: JO, JH, KH, GR, DM

OTHER ACTION:

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rauu	Spaw
F/G	ROSSING CLERK

MAY 9 1983	Received from the Senate
MAY 1 0 1983	Read first time and referred to Committee on
5.11.83	Reported favorably amended, sent to Printer at
5.17.83	Printed and Distributed 5:06 pm 5.17
MAY 1 7 1383	Sent to Committee on Calendars (2:12 p.m.
MAY 2 5 1983	Read Second time (amended): passed to third reading (failed)
	by (Non-Record Vote) Record Vote ofyeas,nays_
	Present, not voting.
	Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days suspended (failed to suspend) by a four-fifths vote of
	Read third time (amended); finally passed (falled) by a
~	(Non-Record Vote Record Vote of
	Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.
MAY 2 8 1983	Returned to Senate.
Passed, subject to Art III	Chief Clerk of the House

Sec. 49a, Texas Constitution